



**Comprehensive
Annual Financial Report**

**Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2018**

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

CAFR Prepared by the Finance Department

BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

LUBBOCK, TEXAS

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



March 21, 2019

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Big Spring, Texas:

State law requires every general-purpose local government to publish complete audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. This report is published to fulfill such requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls which has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. All amounts in this transmittal letter are in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Bolinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss, L.L.P., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Big Spring's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

The City of Big Spring, Texas, incorporated in 1907, is the county seat and principal city of Howard County. The city is located 39 miles northeast of Midland, Texas at the intersection of Interstate Highway 20 and U.S. Highway 87. The city currently occupies a land area of 19.2 square miles and serves a population of 28,532. The city is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the city council.

The city has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1927. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a city council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The city council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the city's manager, attorney and municipal court judge. The city's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the city council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the city, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. All council members are elected by district. The mayor is elected at large.

The city provides a full range of services to its citizens, including police and fire protection, 911 emergency medical services, construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational and cultural activities. Certain water and wastewater services are provided and accounted for through a separate enterprise fund. The city is also financially accountable for a legally separate economic development corporation, which is reported separately within the city's financial statements. Additional information on this legally separate entity can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See Note A.1).

The city council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of each fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Big Spring's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department with the city manager's approval. Transfers between departments need special approval from the city council.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include numerous oilfield related businesses, wind energy, manufacturers of hydraulic components, carbon black, five prison facilities, a large oil refinery, a railroad, and several financial institutions and insurance companies. Both the state and federal governments are significant economic presences thanks to a major psychiatric hospital and a veteran's health care facility that provides employment to approximately 1,100 healthcare professionals and staff.

Unemployment rates for the last ten years have hit a low of 3.9% for 2018. They have varied from this low to a high of 7.5% in 2009. The City's unemployment rate for 2018 of 3.9%, which was below the national unemployment rate of 4.1%. Trends in unemployment rates are one indicator of economic strength and the City's rates for the past ten years are presented in Table E-16 in the statistical section.

Property tax revenue (using the modified accrual basis of accounting) rose in 2017-18 year from \$6,909 to \$7,513, an 8.7% increase. Property tax rate rose from 79.00 cents, per \$100 of assessed value, to 84.23 cents. The adjusted taxable value from the Assessor's 2017 Effective and Rollback Tax Worksheet decreased from \$891,667,306 for 2016 to \$872,187,898 for 2017, a 2.2% decrease.

Sales tax revenue increased from \$6,638,741 for year ending 9/30/2017 to \$7,756,760 for 9/30/2018, a 16.8% increase. For the first four months of the 2018-19 year, sales tax is up 11.2% from the same four months in the 2017-18 year. The city's hotel occupancy tax revenue also increased from \$1,163,639 for year ending 9/30/2017 to \$2,157,204 for 9/30/2018, an 85.5% increase. For the first four months of the 2018-19 year, hotel occupancy tax revenue is up 31.8% from the same four months in the 2017-18 year. This is due to contractors working on the North Hwy 87 Reliever Route, increase in oil exploration, and an increase in rooms available as more hotels have opened in 2017 and 2018. Hotel occupancy tax, by law, is restricted to uses which should have a direct impact on bringing more overnight visitors to the City of Big Spring. It is not available to meet many of the City's governmental needs.

A major contributor to the City's revenue this year was mineral royalties from property the City owns mineral rights to. For 2017-18 mineral royalties contributed \$2,377,731 in revenue to the General Fund, and \$2,759,596 to the Airpark Fund. For the first 5 months of 2018-19 the General Fund and Airpark mineral royalties are coming in at 47.7% and 64.3% of the 5-month average of 2017-18. This is mainly due to a drop in oil prices. Although the recent drop in oil prices has hurt the 2018-19 City mineral royalties, it does not appear to have hurt the local economy as both sales and hotel tax is up for the first four months of 2018-19.

Much of the increase in business activities from 2012 to 2018 in the city is related to the exploration and production of the Cline Shale oil and gas formation. The City of Big Spring is the largest city within the boundaries of the shale formation. The city continues to realize increases in new businesses, houses, condominiums, hotels, restaurants, and other business during the 2018-19 year. Texas Department of Transportation, after schedule setbacks is within a year of being finished on the North Reliever Route, which was originally budgeted for approximately \$80 million. This project has kept many contractors in the City.

The five year federal tax credit extension for wind energy construction is having a positive economic impact on Big Spring as wind energy companies have established operations here.

Long-term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was 34.8% of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance has increased significantly over the past eleven years because of diligence in budgeting and the willingness of the elected officials to plan for the future (e.g. the building up of fund balances now for the new landfill, water and waste water plant upgrades, and other infrastructure planned improvements).

Total long-term debt, not due within one year, including bonds, capital leases, compensated absences, pensions, other post employment benefits (health Insurance offered to retirees at current employee cost), landfill closure and post closure totaled \$50,328,898, on September 30, 2018.

Relevant Financial Policies

The city anticipates opening a cell in a new landfill (with 100 year useful life) in approximately two years, with an anticipated cost of approximately \$6.7 million. Additionally, the city is required to set aside money for closure and post-closure of the current landfill. As of September 30, 2018 the city had \$4,440,410 set aside in investments for anticipated closure and post-closure expenditures with only a current calculated liability cost of \$3,140,844. Calculations are done annually on the liability incurred with remaining estimated capacity and forecasted expense of closure and monitoring cost after closure (post-closure).

Internal Controls

The City of Big Spring has established an internal control framework designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. All internal control evaluations occur within the above frame work. We believe the city's internal controls adequately safeguard assets, ensure compliance with laws and regulations and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Major Initiatives

The City has finished phase I and II of the Historic Big Spring Restoration project. This is a very historic location for the State of Texas as it was the only dependable water source on the southern Llano Estacado and was a sacred site for native Americans. The first European to come to the site was Cabeza de Vaca from the Galveston Island shipwreck in 1535. De Vaca held an impromptu blessing with the native Americans who saved him from starvation and exhaustion, which predates the Plymouth Thanksgiving by 85 years. This project was funded by the Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax through the Hotel/Motel fund with grants and donations for a total of \$ 2,533,919. Some of highlights of the facility are story-boards, native stone used for construction, full handicap access, 1,600 square foot interpretive / education center, parking for up to 140 vehicles, artificial spring flow to replicate the original historic spring, pedestrian bridges, observation decks, plaza seating for more than 1,000 people, and electric hookup for entertainment venues.

In the City's Utility fund over the course of four years, there have been significant improvements in the water consumption and loss ratio. These goals were reached through constant monitoring, review, and implementation of new procedures. The result has been a reduction of water loss, thereby greatly increasing our earnings potential, which resulted in a record Operating Income year of \$2,140,776. From this operating income we have been able to pay for: an implement an increase the water quality from rehabilitation of 6 main water filters and valves, as well as annual pipe line replacement of 1.44 miles of both water and sewer pipes.

Another area in which the city continues to make improvements is the Airpark fund. By having service by air, railroad, and Interstate and Highway, the Airpark is a prime place for business in the area. During the 2017-18 year, with a small amount happening in October of the 2018-19 year, The Big Spring Economic Development Corporation has paid and directed the extension of 1.5 miles of new rail line in the Airpark at a cost of \$2,215,457. The businesses located there have seen substantial grown the last few years and the Economic Development Corporation, the Airpark Director, and the City are always in talks with businesses interested in moving operations into the Airpark.

The Aviation Division awards several grants which city management coordinates and seeks every year. In 2016-17, the City purchased two tracks of land for future entrances into the Airpark from the Hwy 87 South Reliever Route. The City and Airpark are actively pursuing grants, plans, and engineering to fund these entrances and other needed improvements in both the aviation and business park areas of the Airpark. Self funding of these improvements and/or grant match (share) is a possibility due to mineral royalties from the drilling and production activities of oil and natural gas under the air park, which is restricted for uses in the Airpark.

In spite of all the challenges in rising costs and dwindling revenues in sales tax, and other categories, the City always invests in community programs. We continue to enhance the experience of every visitor, and promote cultural and educational events. The city invested in Meals on Wheels, Emergency Services Chaplin Corps, Potton House, Victim Services, State Park and Heritage Museum. These contributions are yearly and usually are over \$60,000.

The City is finalizing a deal with the company connected with The Settle Hotel to partnership in the cost and development of an Outdoor Plaza Park to go between the Settles Hotel and City Hall and Auditorium. Johnson St for this block would be removed. As in the style and magnitude of The Settles Hotel we expect this plaza park to make a wonderful addition for the citizens and visitors of Big Spring. It will be fenced to allow events to take place there and be available for others to use when no events are scheduled. The approximate cost is \$1 million from the City and \$2 million from the developer. The City will be able to reduce the \$1 million with like kind exchanges and then pay the remainder over three years.

together, closer to each other, as well as give the Airpark more facilities to lease to businesses. The main purpose of the warehousing department is to provide parts for the water and sewer operations. These parts will now be closer to most of the areas of the City the workers are working in.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Big Spring for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the city has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the city had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration departments. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of these departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the city's finances.

Respectfully submitted,



Todd Darden
City Manager



Donald Moore, CPA
Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

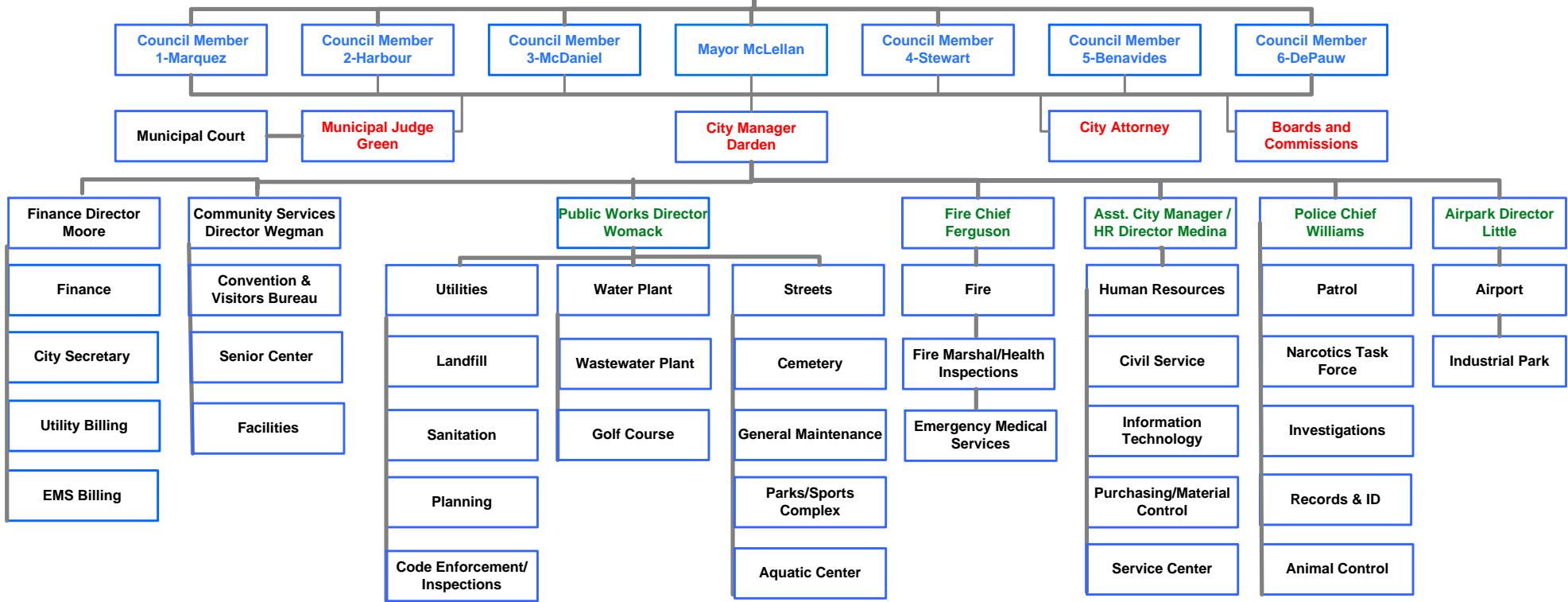
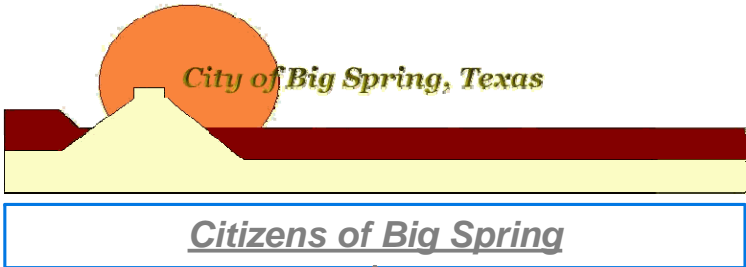
**City of Big Spring
Texas**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

**LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

Elected Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>
Larry McLellan	Mayor
Raul Marquez	Mayor Pro Tem -District 1 Council Member
Doug Hartman, Jr.	District 2 Council Member
Terry McDaniel	District 3 Council Member
Howard Stewart	District 4 Council Member
Raul Benavides	District 5 Council Member
Jim DePauw	District 6 Council Member

Appointed Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Todd Darden	City Manager
Donald Moore	Finance Director/City Secretary
Marianne Banks	City Attorney
Chad Williams	Chief of Police
Craig Ferguson	Fire Chief
Timothy Green	Municipal Judge
John Medina	Asst. City Manager and Human Resource
Jim Little	Airpark Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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8215 NASHVILLE AVENUE

LUBBOCK, TEXAS 79423-1954

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council
City of Big Spring, Texas
Big Spring, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Big Spring, Texas (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the City of Big Spring, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, in 2018 the City of Big Spring, Texas adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering of the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bolinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Lubbock, Texas

March 21, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

City of Big Spring, Texas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Big Spring, Texas (the City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, the independent auditor's report, and the basic financial statements. **All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Big Spring exceeded its liabilities on September 30, 2018 by \$127,193 (net position). Of this amount, the unrestricted net position improved from \$451 to \$4,838.
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,832. Net Pension Liability remained close to the previous years, although new pension funds measures were adopted which should reduce net pension liability in the coming years.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance is \$11,688, of which \$7,380 is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The ending unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,380, or 34.9% of total general fund revenues and 38.1% of total expenditures.
- The City has reduced Bond and Capital Lease Debt by \$7,553 from \$31,375 at 9/30/2012 to \$23,822 at 9/30/2018, a 24.1% reduction.
- Actual resources were \$4,226 more than forecasted resources in the final revised budget for the general fund for the start of the new fiscal year at 10-1-2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the City were sold to departments within the City or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position provides an analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations. The primary purpose of this analysis is to show whether the City is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the method used by most private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's revenues are separated into two categories: those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as the Department of Transportation's assistance in safe driving, and revenues provided by the taxpayers. All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are included regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider other financial factors as well (such as changes in the City's sales tax revenues or its property tax base) and non-financial factors (such as the condition of the City's facilities, unemployment rates and population growth or decline).

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the following activities are presented.

- Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, and recreation and parks. Property taxes, sales taxes, user fees, and licenses and permits finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities – The City accounts for business-type activities in its proprietary funds, where user fees and charges are intended to recover all or a significant portion of overall costs.
- Component unit – The City has one component unit which is funded primarily through sales tax revenue for the purpose of economic development, specifically the generation and retention of business activities and jobs.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Laws and contracts require the City to establish certain funds to account for specific activities, such as grants received through the Department of Justice. The City's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage resources for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds – The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the full accrual method, which is the same accounting method employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The City of Big Spring adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund (major fund). A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for this fund to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Big Spring's assets and deferred outflows exceeded inflows of resources and liabilities by \$127,193 at September 30, 2018.

The largest portion of the City's net position 95.2% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to the citizens and are not available for future appropriation. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table I
City of Big Spring, Texas

NET POSITION
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,070	\$ 7,121	\$ 20,642	\$ 15,897	\$ 32,712	\$ 23,018
Receivables	1,003	1,210	2,740	2,530	3,743	3,740
Internal Balances	568	270	(568)	(270)		0
Due from Other Governments	869	796			869	796
Capital Assets	87,997	88,271	58,931	58,722	146,928	146,993
Other Assets	1	13	480	496	481	509
Total Assets	\$ 102,508	\$ 97,681	\$ 82,225	\$ 77,375	\$ 184,733	\$ 175,056
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	\$ 1,780	\$ 3,188	\$ 429	\$ 1,144	\$ 2,209	\$ 4,332
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	\$ 2,109	\$ 1,934	\$ 1,627	\$ 1,408	\$ 3,736	\$ 3,342
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	2,130	1,887	1,849	1,735	3,979	3,622
Long-term Liabilities	28,536	29,744	21,794	21,319	50,330	51,063
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,775	\$ 33,565	\$ 25,270	\$ 24,462	\$ 58,045	\$ 58,027
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 74,780	\$ 74,405	\$ 46,323	\$ 45,638	\$ 121,103	\$ 120,043
Restricted	1,251	867			1,251	867
Unrestricted	(5,689)	(7,968)	10,528	8,419	4,839	451
Total Net Position	\$ 70,342	\$ 67,304	\$ 56,851	\$ 54,057	\$ 127,193	\$ 121,361

The City has restricted net position totaling 1% of total net position, which represent resources subject to restrictions on how they may be used. Such resources include special revenue funds restricted for specific purposes. The unrestricted net position is \$4,839.

There was an overall increase of \$1,060 in net investment in capital assets, with capital assets in governmental activities increasing by \$375 and capital assets in business-type activities increasing by \$685. The net investment in capital assets for the primary government has increased due to more capital additions compared to depreciation being taken.

Table II
City of Big Spring, Texas

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
(in thousands)

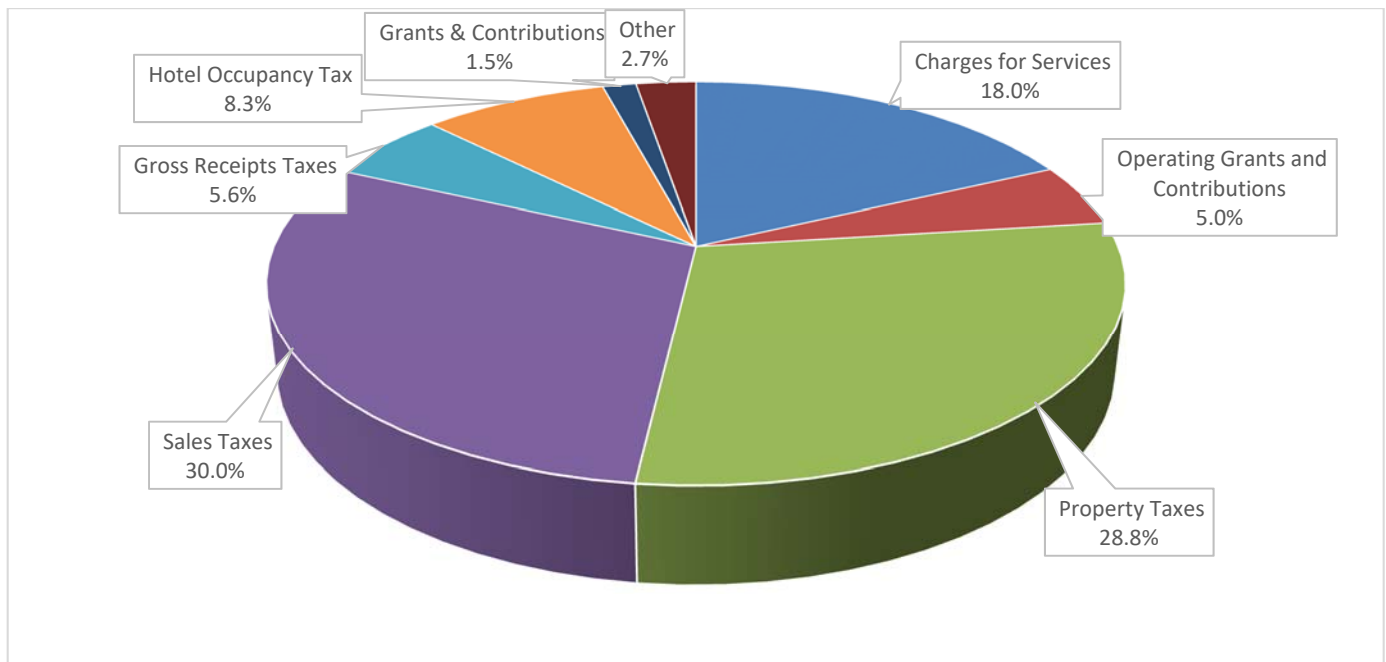
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 4,665	\$ 2,695	\$ 22,497	\$ 21,347	\$ 27,162	\$ 24,042
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,296	1,051			1,296	1,051
Capital Grants and Contributions			3,447	1,489	3,447	1,489
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	7,464	6,981			7,464	6,981
Sales Taxes	7,757	6,639			7,757	6,639
Gross Receipts Taxes	1,456	1,561			1,456	1,561
Motel Occupancy Tax	2,157	1,163			2,157	1,163
Grants and Contributions Not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	389	295	12	36	401	331
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	107	30	192	56	299	86
Miscellaneous	590	458	3,096	1,709	3,686	2,167
Total Revenues	\$ 25,881	\$ 20,873	\$ 29,244	\$ 24,637	\$ 55,125	\$ 45,510
Expenses:						
Water and Sewer	\$	\$	\$ 12,503	\$ 12,161	\$ 12,503	\$ 12,161
Airport/Industrial Park			2,978	2,267	2,978	2,267
Emergency Medical Services			3,900	2,437	3,900	2,437
Landfill			2,365	1,295	2,365	1,295
Sanitation			2,499	2,678	2,499	2,678
Malone & Hogan Clinic					0	0
General Government	2,322	4,320			2,322	4,320
Public Safety	10,610	11,108			10,610	11,108
Highways and Streets	3,141	2,603			3,141	2,603
Recreation and Parks	2,936	2,975			2,936	2,975
Economic Development	1,260	943			1,260	943
Other	956	998			956	998
Total Expenses	\$ 21,225	\$ 22,947	\$ 24,245	\$ 20,838	\$ 45,470	\$ 43,785
Increase in Net Position Before Transfers	\$ 4,656	\$ (2,074)	\$ 4,999	\$ 3,799	\$ 9,655	\$ 1,725
Transfers	1,042	1,242	(1,042)	(1,242)		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 5,698	\$ (832)	\$ 3,957	\$ 2,557	\$ 9,655	\$ 1,725
Net Position-Beginning	67,304	68,136	54,057	51,500	121,361	119,636
Prior Period Adjustments - GASB 75	(2,660)		(1,163)		(3,823)	
Net Position-Ending	\$ 70,342	\$ 67,304	\$ 56,851	\$ 54,057	\$ 127,193	\$ 121,361

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities resulted in an increase of \$70 in the City's net position. Revenue increases were primarily the results of a good local economy from increased oil exploration and production, oil related businesses such as fracking sand and pipelines, wind turbine activity, as well as Texas Department of Transportation highway projects. These activities brought more people into the area.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- GASB 75 Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension came into effect for the year ending 9/30/2018. This resulted in a (\$2,660) decrease in net position from a prior period adjustment.
- Mineral royalties from land with mineral rights the City owns outside of the Airpark Enterprise fund increased by \$2,155 a 968% increase over the previous year. This amount is in the Charges for Services under Program Revenues.
- Sales tax revenue increased by \$1,118, a 17% increase over the previous year.
- Hotel occupancy tax increased by \$994 an 85% increase over the previous year.
- General Government expenses fell by \$1,998 mainly as a result of an underfunding of health insurance claims received for year ending 9/30/2017, and reduction of claims and increase funding for year ending 9/30/2018.

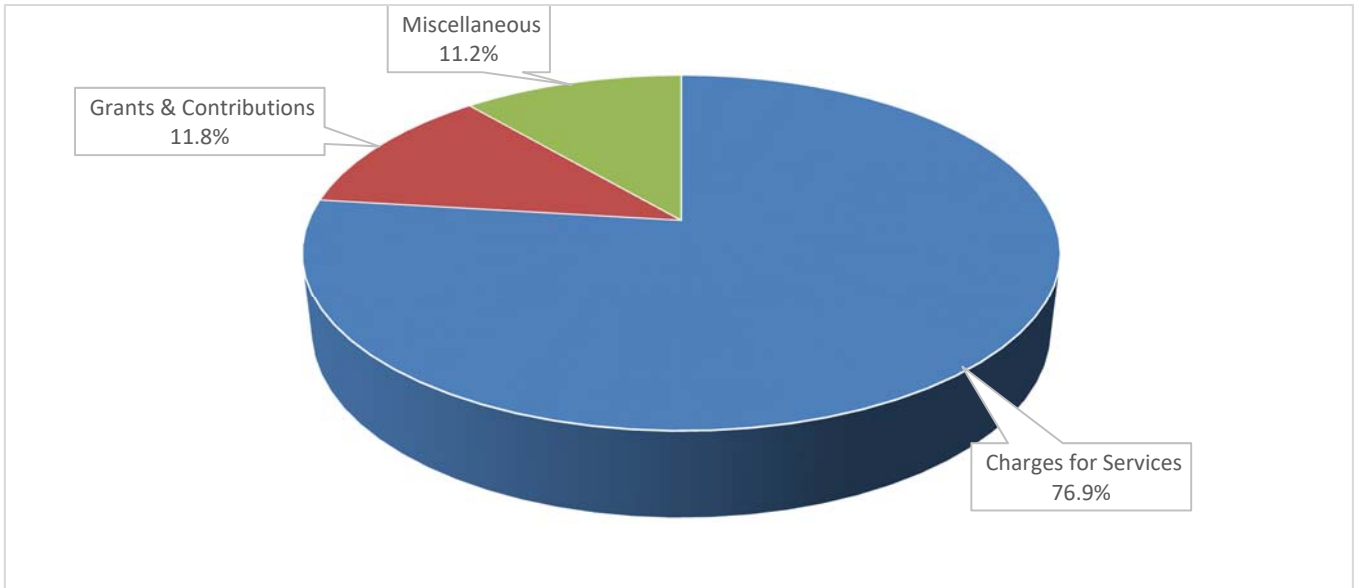
**Revenues by Source
Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year 2017-18**



Business-type Activities - Business-type activities increased the City of Big Spring's total net position by \$2,108 in the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

- Airpark received an increase in mineral royalties of \$1,366 for the year.
- Landfill and Sanitation Fund combined net position decreased by (\$283,608) as the city expenditures for upcoming new landfill start to dip into the saved fund balances.

**Revenues by Source
Business-type Activities
Fiscal Year 2017-18**



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City of Big Spring uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. With the implementation of GASB No. 54 in fiscal year 2011, the City changed its presentation of fund balances in governmental funds. The GASB has defined five types of fund balances, which are more fully described in the footnotes to the financial statements. The City uses all five categories of fund balance.

As the City completed the 2017-18 year, its governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,689, representing an increase of \$4,099 from the prior year's balance of \$7,590. This is attributable to the revenue increases of mineral royalties, Hotel Tax, and Sales Tax mentioned earlier. Unassigned fund balance grew \$854 from \$6,526 at the beginning of year to \$7,380 at the end of the fiscal year. Committed fund balance also grew from \$159 to \$2,850 as the City designated some of the fund balance for capital expenditures expected to be incurred in 2019. Unassigned fund balance that is available for spending at the City's discretion amounts to 63.1% of total fund balances.

The General Fund is the major operating fund of the City. Unassigned fund balance represents 31.6% of total General Fund expenditures.

Total fund balance in the City's General Fund increased by \$3,556 during fiscal year 2017-18.

Proprietary funds. The City’s proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, Business-Type Activities, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the City’s enterprise funds at the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

	2018	2017	Change
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 3,964	\$ 2,921	\$ 1,043
Airport/Industrial Park	6,730	5,006	1,724
Emergency Medical Services	(3,979)	(2,817)	(1,162)
Landfill	2,956	2,662	294
Sanitation	857	648	209
	\$ 10,528	\$ 8,420	\$ 2,108

Unrestricted net position increased by \$1,043 in the Water and Sewer Fund and increased by \$1,724 in the Airport/Industrial Park. The Emergency Medical Services Fund decreased from a negative (\$2,817) to a negative (\$3,979) by \$1,162 mostly due to inadequate contributions to the fund from the City General Fund and Howard County. The Landfill fund increased by \$294 as the City builds the unrestricted balance to pay for the coming new landfill. Sanitation fund increased by \$209. The sanitation fund will soon make permanent transfers to Landfill fund to help pay for the new landfill. These two funds were made separate so pure sanitation (trash service) revenues and expenses could be easier obtained as well as the contribution (transfers) this operation makes to building of the new landfill.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year there was a \$1,127 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The following details the main components of the increase, which represents an increase of 8.9 percent over the original budget.

- The Police Department budget for the purchase of automobiles increased by \$104, because the vehicles for the original budget were no longer available and the Council chose to increase the budget for more expensive Chevy Tahoes, which better fit the needs of the department.
- Police Department Personnel Costs budget was also raised by \$172 mainly by an increase charge from the Health Insurance Internal Fund as claims were higher than anticipated. All city departments with payroll costs also were charged more for group health insurance for the year than originally budgeted.
- The streets department budget was amended up by \$400 which was mostly due to the approval and purchase of a street sweeper for \$238, which was not in the original budget.
- Golf Course department budget increased by \$102. This was in most part due to \$31 for a greens mower. Most other categories of expenses were up, due to the Council’s concern to increase the quality of the course and department.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Big Spring’s investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$146,929 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and highways, water and sewer lines, and drainage improvements. The total City investment in capital assets decreased by \$64 or 0.04%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure and Improvements decreased by a net of \$3,268 mainly because of depreciation.
- Buildings and Systems fell by a net of \$1,321 mainly because of depreciation.
- Construction in Progress Business-Type Activities increased by \$2,430 mainly because of \$82 toward the new landfill, and \$2,086 for rail expansion at the Airpark.
- A new category of Historical Works of Arts was added, because of the purchase of \$426 of historic military planes by the Airpark. Although the Airpark is run as a business type accounting fund, TxDOT rules, which restrict revenue earned on the Airpark for specific usages in the Airpark, allows the purchase of historic planes. The planes are housed in the Hanger 25 Air Museum, which is located in the Airpark property.

Table III
City of Big Spring, Texas

CAPITAL ASSETS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
(Net of Depreciation, in thousands)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Totals</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Land	\$ 72,940	\$ 72,940	\$ 6,231	\$ 6,231	\$ 79,171	\$ 79,171
Historical Works of Arts			426		426	0
Buildings and Systems	3,001	3,379	20,164	21,107	23,165	24,486
Infrastructure and Improvements	6,263	7,428	24,947	27,050	31,210	34,478
Machinery and Equipment	3,260	2,838	4,210	3,811	7,470	6,649
Construction in Progress	2,534	1,686	2,953	523	5,487	2,209
	<u>\$ 87,998</u>	<u>\$ 88,271</u>	<u>\$ 58,931</u>	<u>\$ 58,722</u>	<u>\$ 146,929</u>	<u>\$ 146,993</u>

Additional information regarding capital asset activity of the City can be found in Note D in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

In 2010, the City of Big Spring sold \$4,200 in Certificates of Obligation for the construction of a new family aquatic center. The debt service on this certificate of obligation is being paid from property tax revenue.

In July 2012, the City issued \$11,725 of Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation. The proceeds of this issue were expended to renovate both the water and wastewater treatment plant facilities. In addition, the City entered into a performance agreement with the Big Spring Economic Development Corporation (BSEDC) to use part of its sale tax revenue to meet debt service requirements on this issue. The BSEDC is a Type A Corporation, but in May of 2012, the voters of Big Spring approved the Type B treatment plant upgrades. BSEDC will contribute a maximum amount of \$13,000 over a twenty-year term. The balance of the debt service requirements will be paid from utility system revenues.

In February of 2016, the City issued \$7,980 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds. These bonds, issued at a premium, defeased \$8,290 of the 2007 General Obligation Bonds and Certificate of Obligations Bond series. Defeasement means proceeds of the issue were put into an irrevocable trust to pay off the bonds on their call date. The call date is a feature where the issuer can pay off the bond before the maturity date. The call date for these two 2007 issues was 2/15/2017 so as of the date of this letter; the bonds have been called and paid. Because these 2007 bonds were defeased, only the remaining bonds due are shown in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The City will save a net present value of approximately \$1,195 which will be incurred over the next 11 years.

The Latest City's Unenhanced Bond S&P Bond Rating is "A+", which was obtained on 2/22/2016.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Big Spring had total bonded debt outstanding of \$19,895. The total outstanding debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government, while a tax levy has been established for \$10,695 of the total and the remaining \$9,200 is business-type activity debt, supported by water and sewer system revenues. Total long-term debt, not due within one year, including capital leases compensated absences, landfill closure and post closure, pension, and retiree health insurance is \$50,329.

The City of Big Spring carefully plans debt acquisition to fund only capital replacement and new construction. This process includes matching the maturity of the debt to the useful lives of the assets to be funded, as closely as possible. This allows for the use of debt to compliment operations by allowing for matching the cash flows of asset cost to the period deriving the benefit from the asset.

Additionally, this allows the City to plan for and structure debt payments in such a manner that debt service tends to be generally declining across the years creating a known, decreasing demand upon resources for debt service and limiting the demand upon resources to a managed level. As a result of the development and refinement of this process, the impact of current debt upon present and future operations is minimized and annual operations can be based upon a known level of expendable, available resources to respond to the immediate needs of the City.

Table IV
City of Big Spring, Texas

OUTSTANDING BONDED DEBT AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
(in thousands)

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Totals</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Serviced by Tax Revenues						
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,595	\$ 8,505	\$	\$	\$ 7,595	\$ 8,505
Certificates of Obligation Bonds	3,100	3,310			3,100	3,310
Serviced by Enterprise Funds						
Certificates of Obligation Bonds			<u>9,200</u>	<u>9,730</u>	<u>9,200</u>	<u>9,730</u>
	<u>\$ 10,695</u>	<u>\$ 11,815</u>	<u>\$ 9,200</u>	<u>\$ 9,730</u>	<u>\$ 19,895</u>	<u>\$ 21,545</u>

Additional information regarding long-term debt activity of the City can be found in Note F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For the general fund the two largest revenue contributors are property and sales tax, making up 35.5% and 36.6%, at \$7,513 and \$7,757. Due to an increase in the local economy sales tax rose for the year ending 9/30/2018. For the previous year ending 9/30/2017 property and sales tax were \$6,981, 33.4%, and \$6,639, 31.8% respectfully.

One of the main driving forces in the local economy is both the price and the exploration of oil since Big Spring sits on the Cline Shale oil formation. Deep and directional drilling technology, along with fracking, is providing access to millions of barrels of oil previously inaccessible. As of the date of this writing, a drop in oil prices has lowered YTD mineral royalties for the City from mineral rights owned by the City from the previous year, but has not decreased Sales Tax.

Unemployment during 2018 decreased, from 5.2% in 2017 to 3.9%, which compares to the state's unemployment rate of 3.5% and the national rate of 3.8% for September 2018. Per capita income (stated in actual dollars) decreased slightly by 0.9%, from \$36,705 to \$36,367.

The Airpark has experienced increased activity from wind turbine and oil exploration and production business. These businesses pay lease fees to the Airpark and their workers increase sales and property tax from their purchases in Big Spring.

Texas Department of Transportation has finished the South portion of the Big Spring Highway 87 Reliever Route and nearing the completion of the North Portion. The increased workers from the contractors on the reliever route and the nearby oil exploration has increased hotel occupancy and hotel tax for Big Spring.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's finance office, at City of Big Spring, 310 Nolan, Big Spring, Texas 79720-2657.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-1

GOVERNMENT-WIDE - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,069,607	\$ 16,201,963	\$ 28,271,570	\$ 3,330,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		4,440,410	4,440,410	
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles)	1,002,570	2,740,643	3,743,213	467,149
Internal Balances	568,439	(568,439)		
Due from Other Governments	869,119		869,119	
Inventories		480,234	480,234	
Prepaid Items	725		725	9,246
Notes Receivable				405,000
Other Assets				67,980
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	75,474,007	9,609,872	85,083,879	25,000
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	12,524,020	49,320,711	61,844,731	107,175
Total Assets	\$ 102,508,487	\$ 82,225,394	\$ 184,733,881	\$ 4,411,811
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - TMRS	\$ 810,416	\$ 347,630	\$ 1,158,046	\$ 19,813
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - BSFRRF	443,515	9,742	453,257	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - TMRS	32,544	10,204	42,748	899
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - Health Insurance	133,408	61,612	195,020	
Deferred Outflows - Loss on Refunding	359,824		359,824	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,779,707	\$ 429,188	\$ 2,208,895	\$ 20,712
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,136,880	\$ 1,093,461	\$ 2,230,341	\$ 622,193
Retainage Payable	52,507		52,507	
Claims and Judgments Payable	593,773		593,773	
Accrued Interest Payable	51,530	60,599	112,129	
Accrued Wages	199,358	76,196	275,554	
Unearned Revenue	52,872		52,872	
Customer Deposits	22,038	366,126	388,164	
Unclaimed Property		30,996	30,996	
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Due Within One Year	2,129,841	1,849,359	3,979,200	
Due In More Than One Year	28,535,835	21,793,064	50,328,899	237,729
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,774,633	\$ 25,269,801	\$ 58,044,434	\$ 859,922
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - TMRS	919,660	420,184	1,339,844	29,036
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - BSFRRF	222,706	100,109	322,815	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - Health Insurance	29,365	13,561	42,926	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,171,731	\$ 533,854	\$ 1,705,585	\$ 29,036
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 74,780,143	\$ 46,323,266	\$ 121,103,409	\$ 132,175
Restricted For:				
Cemetery Permanent Care (Nonexpendable)	351,519		351,519	
Public, Educational and Governmental				
Television Access	172,136		172,136	
Economic Development				3,411,390
Advertising and Promotions	681,995		681,995	
Debt Service	20,477		20,477	
Court Technology	18,058		18,058	
Court Security	6,947		6,947	
Unrestricted	(5,689,445)	10,527,661	4,838,216	
Total Net Position	\$ 70,341,830	\$ 56,850,927	\$ 127,192,757	\$ 3,543,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 2,322,398	\$ 3,122,346	\$	\$	\$ 799,948	\$	\$ 799,948	\$
Public Safety	10,610,351	713,524	1,194,315		(8,702,512)		(8,702,512)	
Highways and Streets	3,140,916				(3,140,916)		(3,140,916)	
Community Service	422,772	63,241	96,738		(262,793)		(262,793)	
Recreation and Parks	2,935,567	673,473	5,237		(2,256,857)		(2,256,857)	
Cemetery	149,166	89,726			(59,440)		(59,440)	
Economic Development	1,259,566	2,810			(1,256,756)		(1,256,756)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	384,767				(384,767)		(384,767)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,225,503	\$ 4,665,120	\$ 1,296,290	\$ 0	\$ (15,264,093)	\$ 0	\$ (15,264,093)	\$ 0
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and Sewer	\$ 12,502,630	\$ 14,284,234	\$	\$ 750,000	\$	\$ 2,531,604	\$ 2,531,604	\$
Airport/Industrial Park	2,978,344	1,283,136		2,085,592		390,384	390,384	
Emergency Medical Services	3,900,030	1,944,405		361,500		(1,594,125)	(1,594,125)	
Landfill	2,365,078	1,756,388		250,000		(358,690)	(358,690)	
Sanitation	2,499,118	3,228,622				729,504	729,504	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 24,245,200	\$ 22,496,785	\$ 0	\$ 3,447,092	\$ 0	\$ 1,698,677	\$ 1,698,677	\$ 0
Total Primary Government	\$ 45,470,703	\$ 27,161,905	\$ 1,296,290	\$ 3,447,092	\$ (15,264,093)	\$ 1,698,677	\$ (13,565,416)	\$ 0
COMPONENT UNIT:								
Economic Development Corporation	\$ 3,585,184	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0				\$ (3,585,184)
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes					\$ 7,464,151	\$	\$ 7,464,151	\$
Sales Taxes					7,756,760		7,756,760	2,616,131
Gross Receipts Taxes					1,455,774		1,455,774	
Motel Occupancy Taxes					2,157,204		2,157,204	
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs					389,368	12,481	401,849	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					106,615	191,813	298,428	61,234
Miscellaneous					590,565	3,095,576	3,686,141	11,025
Transfers					1,041,997	(1,041,997)		
Total General Revenue and Transfers					\$ 20,962,434	\$ 2,257,873	\$ 23,220,307	\$ 2,688,390
Change in Net Position					\$ 5,698,341	\$ 3,956,550	\$ 9,654,891	\$ (896,794)
Net Position - Beginning					67,303,885	54,057,219	121,361,104	4,453,030
Prior Period Adjustment - GASBS No. 75					(2,660,396)	(1,162,842)	(3,823,238)	(12,671)
Net Position - Ending					\$ 70,341,830	\$ 56,850,927	\$ 127,192,757	\$ 3,543,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-3

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,885,412	\$ 1,949,991	\$ 10,835,403
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles)	699,802	302,768	1,002,570
Due from Other Funds	856,589		856,589
Due from Other Governments	869,119		869,119
Prepaid Items	<u>725</u>		<u>725</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 11,311,647</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,759</u>	<u>\$ 13,564,406</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 784,408	\$ 214,032	\$ 998,440
Retainage Payable		52,507	52,507
Accrued Wages	169,211	30,147	199,358
Unearned Revenue		52,872	52,872
Due to Other Funds		251,000	251,000
Customer Deposits	<u>925</u>	<u>21,113</u>	<u>22,038</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 954,544</u>	<u>\$ 621,671</u>	<u>\$ 1,576,215</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	<u>\$ 251,483</u>	<u>\$ 48,079</u>	<u>\$ 299,562</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 251,483</u>	<u>\$ 48,079</u>	<u>\$ 299,562</u>
FUND BALANCES:			
Nonspendable Fund Balances:			
Prepays	\$ 725		\$ 725
Cemetery Permanent Care		351,519	351,519
Restricted Fund Balances:			
Restricted for Advertising and Promotions		681,995	681,995
Restricted for Court Security		6,947	6,947
Restricted for Court Technology		18,058	18,058
Restricted for Public, Educational and Governmental Television Access		172,136	172,136
Restricted for Public Safety Improvements		206,570	206,570
Restricted for Debt Service		20,477	20,477
Committed Fund Balances:			
Committed for City Plaza Improvements	74,000		74,000
Committed for Public Safety Improvements	750,800		750,800
Committed for Construction Projects	1,900,000		1,900,000
Committed for Employee Education		65,998	65,998
Committed for Cemetery Operations		59,309	59,309
Unassigned Fund Balance	<u>7,380,095</u>		<u>7,380,095</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 10,105,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,009</u>	<u>\$ 11,688,629</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 11,311,647</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,759</u>	<u>\$ 13,564,406</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 11,688,629
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	87,982,057
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	299,562
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the funds.	248,152
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	467,265
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(10,695,000)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,619,676)
Payables for notes payable which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(521,670)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(51,530)
Bond Premiums are not recorded in the funds.	(367,992)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Loss on Refundings are not recorded in the funds.	359,824
Net pension liabilities are not reported in the funds.	(12,394,975)
Total OPEB Liabilities are not reported in the funds.	(3,441,354)
Payables for compensated absences which are not reported in the funds.	<u>(1,611,462)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ <u><u>70,341,830</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenue:			
Taxes:			
General Property Taxes	\$ 6,313,126	\$ 1,199,725	\$ 7,512,851
General Sales Taxes	7,756,760		7,756,760
Gross Receipts Business Taxes	1,405,982	49,792	1,455,774
Motel Occupancy Taxes		2,157,204	2,157,204
License and Permits	451,219		451,219
Intergovernmental	1,013,517	282,773	1,296,290
Charges for Services		35,165	35,165
Fines	344,809	14,703	359,512
Recreation	673,473		673,473
Investment Earnings	84,621	16,903	101,524
Rents and Royalties	3,008,335	137,416	3,145,751
Miscellaneous	76,877	7,347	84,224
Contributions and Donations	37,082	352,286	389,368
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 21,165,801</u>	<u>\$ 4,253,314</u>	<u>\$ 25,419,115</u>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	\$ 2,593,045	\$ 12,298	\$ 2,605,343
Public Safety	11,119,667	6,329	11,125,996
Highways and Streets	2,763,331		2,763,331
Community Service		416,639	416,639
Recreation and Parks	2,022,254		2,022,254
Economic Development		1,944,591	1,944,591
Cemetery		139,283	139,283
Debt Service:			
Principal	805,533	1,136,666	1,942,199
Interest	57,223	333,747	390,970
Fiscal Agent's Fees		1,225	1,225
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 19,361,053</u>	<u>\$ 3,990,778</u>	<u>\$ 23,351,831</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 1,804,748</u>	<u>\$ 262,536</u>	<u>\$ 2,067,284</u>
Other Financing Sources:			
Transfers In	\$ 848,214	\$ 270,865	\$ 1,119,079
Capital Lease	903,453	9,067	912,520
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ 1,751,667</u>	<u>\$ 279,932</u>	<u>\$ 2,031,599</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,556,415	\$ 542,468	\$ 4,098,883
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>6,549,205</u>	<u>1,040,541</u>	<u>7,589,746</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 10,105,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,009</u>	<u>\$ 11,688,629</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,098,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement Of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	2,506,287
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,762,117)
Proceeds of capital leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(912,520)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(48,700)
Change in Deferred Outflows and Inflows related to Pensions is not reported in the funds.	(2,539,885)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,120,000
Repayment of capital lease and notes payable principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	822,199
Bond Premiums and Losses on Refundings' related amortization is not recorded in the funds.	907
Change in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	6,952
The net revenue of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	849,708
Change related to pension and total OPEB liabilities is not recorded in the funds.	2,586,109
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	<u>(29,482)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities	\$ <u><u>5,698,341</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Major Proprietary Funds					Total Proprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport/ Industrial Park	Emergency Medical Services	Landfill	Sanitation		
ASSETS:							
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,381,018	\$ 7,575,175	\$ 80,264	\$ 2,151,986	\$ 1,013,520	\$ 16,201,963	\$ 1,234,204
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted				4,440,410		4,440,410	
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles)	1,871,685	125,841	184,713	94,392	464,012	2,740,643	
Due from Other Funds	11,561					11,561	
Inventories	443,304		36,930			480,234	
Prepaid Items						0	
Total Current Assets	<u>\$ 7,707,568</u>	<u>\$ 7,701,016</u>	<u>\$ 301,907</u>	<u>\$ 6,686,788</u>	<u>\$ 1,477,532</u>	<u>\$ 23,874,811</u>	<u>\$ 1,234,204</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)							
Land	\$ 5,036	\$ 5,590,113	\$	\$ 636,265	\$	\$ 6,231,414	\$ 10,000
Historical Planes - Display Collection		426,000				426,000	
Buildings and Systems	12,749,732	7,139,639		274,375		20,163,746	
Infrastructure and Improvements	13,594,255	9,797,032		1,555,703		24,946,990	
Machinery and Equipment	510,680	516,747	692,022	883,801	1,606,725	4,209,975	5,970
Construction in Progress	262,869	2,085,593		603,996		2,952,458	
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>\$ 27,122,572</u>	<u>\$ 25,555,124</u>	<u>\$ 692,022</u>	<u>\$ 3,954,140</u>	<u>\$ 1,606,725</u>	<u>\$ 58,930,583</u>	<u>\$ 15,970</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 34,830,140</u>	<u>\$ 33,256,140</u>	<u>\$ 993,929</u>	<u>\$ 10,640,928</u>	<u>\$ 3,084,257</u>	<u>\$ 82,805,394</u>	<u>\$ 1,250,174</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - TMRS	\$ 226,259	\$ 40,065	\$	\$ 38,555	\$ 42,751	\$ 347,630	\$
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan - BSFRRF			9,742			9,742	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - TMRS	6,117	1,995		971	1,121	10,204	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - Health Insurance	26,669	4,411	16,337	7,457	6,738	61,612	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 259,045</u>	<u>\$ 46,471</u>	<u>\$ 26,079</u>	<u>\$ 46,983</u>	<u>\$ 50,610</u>	<u>\$ 429,188</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$ 647,606	\$ 159,905	\$ 33,891	\$ 132,982	\$ 119,077	\$ 1,093,461	\$ 138,440
Claims and Judgments Payable							593,773
Accrued Wages	24,588	5,389	28,069	9,266	8,884	76,196	
Due to Other Funds	120,000		460,000			580,000	37,150
Customer Deposits	316,292	49,834				366,126	
Unclaimed Property	30,996					30,996	
Accrued Interest Payable	60,223	376				60,599	
Accrued Compensated Absences - Current	57,757	20,159	94,310	9,601	9,795	191,622	
Long Term Debt - Current	943,752	121,706	276,330	139,339	176,610	1,657,737	3,772
Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$ 2,201,214</u>	<u>\$ 357,369</u>	<u>\$ 892,600</u>	<u>\$ 291,188</u>	<u>\$ 314,366</u>	<u>\$ 4,056,737</u>	<u>\$ 773,135</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 173,273	\$ 60,475	\$ 282,932	\$ 28,804	\$ 29,385	\$ 574,869	\$
Net Pension Liability - TMRS	1,564,078	510,115		248,355	286,664	2,609,212	
Net Pension Liability - BSFRRF			3,004,602			3,004,602	
Total OPEB Liability - TMRS	95,520	31,153		15,167	17,507	159,347	
Total OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	654,535	96,915	299,541	151,415	152,204	1,354,610	
Long-Term Debt	9,609,721	386,327	73,770	261,483	618,279	10,949,580	9,774
Closure/Post-closure Landfill Obligation				3,140,844		3,140,844	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$ 12,097,127</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,985</u>	<u>\$ 3,660,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,846,068</u>	<u>\$ 1,104,039</u>	<u>\$ 21,793,064</u>	<u>\$ 9,774</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 14,298,341</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,354</u>	<u>\$ 4,553,445</u>	<u>\$ 4,137,256</u>	<u>\$ 1,418,405</u>	<u>\$ 25,849,801</u>	<u>\$ 782,909</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Inflows - Pension Plan - TMRS	\$ 251,877	\$ 82,148	\$	\$ 39,995	\$ 46,164	\$ 420,184	\$
Deferred Inflows - Pension Plan - BSFRRF			100,109			100,109	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB - Health Insurance	5,870	971	3,596	1,641	1,483	13,561	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 257,747</u>	<u>\$ 83,119</u>	<u>\$ 103,705</u>	<u>\$ 41,636</u>	<u>\$ 47,647</u>	<u>\$ 533,854</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 16,569,099	\$ 25,047,091	\$ 341,922	\$ 3,553,318	\$ 811,836	\$ 46,323,266	\$ 2,424
Unrestricted	3,963,998	6,730,047	(3,979,064)	2,955,701	856,979	10,527,661	464,841
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 20,533,097</u>	<u>\$ 31,777,138</u>	<u>\$ (3,637,142)</u>	<u>\$ 6,509,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,668,815</u>	<u>\$ 56,850,927</u>	<u>\$ 467,265</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Major Proprietary Funds					Total Proprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport/ Industrial Park	Emergency Medical Services	Landfill	Sanitation		
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for Services:							
Water Sales	\$ 11,201,273					\$ 11,201,273	
Sewer Charges	2,783,801					2,783,801	
Landfill Fees				1,755,588		1,755,588	
Sanitation Revenue					3,168,589	3,168,589	
Emergency Medical Services			1,944,405			1,944,405	
Commercial Rentals and Fees		1,283,136				1,283,136	
Billings to Departments and Employees							4,040,416
Other Services	299,160			800	60,033	359,993	
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 14,284,234</u>	<u>\$ 1,283,136</u>	<u>\$ 1,944,405</u>	<u>\$ 1,756,388</u>	<u>\$ 3,228,622</u>	<u>\$ 22,496,785</u>	<u>\$ 4,040,416</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personnel Services	\$ 2,524,147	\$ 451,554	\$ 2,503,220	\$ 682,128	\$ 656,403	\$ 6,817,452	
Supplies and Materials	5,000,467	41,390	149,062	66,491	205,728	5,463,138	22,958
Contractual Services	1,199,591	290,607	101,705	151,172	979,175	2,722,250	3,428,745
Maintenance	1,490,457	819,070	51,722	84,772	345,115	2,791,136	16,573
Depreciation	1,863,238	1,337,234	163,655	1,202,772	271,724	4,838,623	17,243
Other Expense	65,558	29,050	923,729	170,086	24,648	1,213,071	139,108
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 12,143,458</u>	<u>\$ 2,968,905</u>	<u>\$ 3,893,093</u>	<u>\$ 2,357,421</u>	<u>\$ 2,482,793</u>	<u>\$ 23,845,670</u>	<u>\$ 3,624,627</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ 2,140,776</u>	<u>\$ (1,685,769)</u>	<u>\$ (1,948,688)</u>	<u>\$ (601,033)</u>	<u>\$ 745,829</u>	<u>\$ (1,348,885)</u>	<u>\$ 415,789</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	\$ 12,481	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,481	\$
Interest Revenue	45,119	67,625		71,857	7,212	191,813	5,091
Rents and Royalties		2,759,596				2,759,596	
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets			17,016			17,016	
Other Income	821	8,185	308,722	69	1,167	318,964	506,341
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	(359,172)	(9,439)	(6,937)	(7,657)	(16,325)	(399,530)	(431)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ (313,232)</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,448</u>	<u>\$ 318,801</u>	<u>\$ 64,269</u>	<u>\$ (7,946)</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,340</u>	<u>\$ 511,001</u>
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	<u>\$ 1,827,544</u>	<u>\$ 1,152,679</u>	<u>\$ (1,629,887)</u>	<u>\$ (536,764)</u>	<u>\$ 737,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,551,455</u>	<u>\$ 926,790</u>
Capital Contributions	750,000	2,085,592	361,500	250,000		3,447,092	
Transfers In (Out)	(646,770)	(503,966)	574,239	(286,434)	(179,066)	(1,041,997)	(77,082)
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 1,930,774</u>	<u>\$ 2,734,305</u>	<u>\$ (694,148)</u>	<u>\$ (573,198)</u>	<u>\$ 558,817</u>	<u>\$ 3,956,550</u>	<u>\$ 849,708</u>
Total Net Position - Beginning	19,192,610	29,139,006	(2,735,839)	7,216,790	1,244,652	54,057,219	(382,443)
Prior Period Adjustment - GASBS No. 75	(590,287)	(96,173)	(207,155)	(134,573)	(134,654)	(1,162,842)	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 20,533,097</u>	<u>\$ 31,777,138</u>	<u>\$ (3,637,142)</u>	<u>\$ 6,509,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,668,815</u>	<u>\$ 56,850,927</u>	<u>\$ 467,265</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT A-9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Major Proprietary Funds					Total Proprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds
	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport/Industrial Park	Emergency Medical Services	Landfill	Sanitation		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 14,285,525	\$ 1,241,157	\$ 2,201,146	\$ 1,730,821	\$ 3,199,749	\$ 22,658,398	\$
Cash Receipts from Interfund Services Provided							4,040,416
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(2,574,566)	(168,714)	(1,770,546)	(468,437)	(648,851)	(5,631,114)	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(7,832,696)	(1,075,989)	(1,237,640)	(381,848)	(1,507,362)	(12,035,535)	(3,646,974)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 3,878,263	\$ (3,546)	\$ (807,040)	\$ 880,536	\$ 1,043,536	\$ 4,991,749	\$ 393,442
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:							
Cash Received from Intergovernmental Grants	\$	\$ 12,481	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,481	\$
Cash Received from Mineral Leases		2,759,596				2,759,596	
Various Reimbursements							506,341
Cash Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(658,331)	(503,966)	784,239	(286,434)	(79,066)	(743,558)	(802,150)
Net Cash from Non-Capital Financing Activities	\$ (658,331)	\$ 2,268,111	\$ 784,239	\$ (286,434)	\$ (79,066)	\$ 2,028,519	\$ (295,809)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Principal and Interest Paid	\$ (1,328,702)	\$ (110,780)	\$ (142,867)	\$ (126,912)	\$ (339,267)	\$ (2,048,528)	\$ (3,721)
Paying Agent Fees	(775)					(775)	
Cash Received from Capital Contributions	750,000	2,085,592	361,500	250,000		3,447,092	
Lease Proceeds		371,469	68,840			440,309	
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets			36,400			36,400	
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets	(1,197,555)	(2,521,623)	(376,981)	(81,541)	(163,991)	(4,341,691)	
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ (1,777,032)	\$ (175,342)	\$ (53,108)	\$ 41,547	\$ (503,258)	\$ (2,467,193)	\$ (3,721)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Interest and Dividends on Investments	\$ 45,119	\$ 67,625	\$	\$ 71,857	\$ 7,212	\$ 191,813	\$ 5,091
Net Cash from Investing Activities	\$ 45,119	\$ 67,625	\$ 0	\$ 71,857	\$ 7,212	\$ 191,813	\$ 5,091
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,488,019	\$ 2,156,848	\$ (75,909)	\$ 707,506	\$ 468,424	\$ 4,744,888	\$ 99,003
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	3,892,999	5,418,327	156,173	5,884,890	545,096	15,897,485	1,135,201
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 5,381,018	\$ 7,575,175	\$ 80,264	\$ 6,592,396	\$ 1,013,520	\$ 20,642,373	\$ 1,234,204
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,140,776	\$ (1,685,769)	\$ (1,948,688)	\$ (601,033)	\$ 745,829	\$ (1,348,885)	\$ 415,789
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities							
Depreciation	\$ 1,863,238	\$ 1,337,234	\$ 163,655	\$ 1,202,772	\$ 271,724	\$ 4,838,623	\$ 17,243
Non-Cash Lease Purchase - Supplies and Materials Expense							4,784
Other	821	8,185	308,722	69	1,167	318,964	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:							
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	(50,508)	(52,570)	(51,981)	(25,636)	(30,040)	(210,735)	
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	680		3,127			3,807	
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	603		1,808	5,947	3,708	12,066	
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows	400,143	67,433	124,544	50,953	71,472	714,545	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(77,906)	104,128	(16,357)	84,726	43,596	138,187	4,864
Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgements Payable							(49,238)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages	(2,822)	(285)	28,069	9,266	979	35,207	
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	50,487	2,406				52,893	
Increase (Decrease) in Unclaimed Property	491					491	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences	(7,642)	(754)	56,598	4,705	4,560	57,467	
Increase (Decrease) in Closure/Post-closure Landfill Obligation				169,893		169,893	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability - TMRS	(761,954)	120,817		(79,255)	(132,480)	(852,872)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability - BSFRFRF			387,747			387,747	
Increase (Decrease) in Total OPEB Liability - TMRS	11,855	3,867		1,882	2,173	19,777	
Increase (Decrease) in Total OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	52,254	8,643	32,011	14,611	13,201	120,720	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	257,747	83,119	103,705	41,636	47,647	533,854	
Total Adjustments	\$ 1,737,487	\$ 1,682,223	\$ 1,141,648	\$ 1,481,569	\$ 297,707	\$ 6,340,634	\$ (22,347)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 3,878,263	\$ (3,546)	\$ (807,040)	\$ 880,536	\$ 1,043,536	\$ 4,991,749	\$ 393,442
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:							
Non-Cash Related Financing Activities:							
Capital Lease Proceeds and Supplies and Maintenance Expense of \$4,784 - Internal Service Funds							
Transfers of Fully Depreciated Capital Assets of \$136,615 - From Sanitation Fund to Internal Services Funds							
Transfers of Fully Depreciated Capital Assets of \$150,737 - From General Fund to Internal Services Funds							
Capital Lease Proceeds and Capital Assets of \$50,966 - Water and Sewer Fund							
Capital Lease Proceeds and Capital Assets of \$60,320 - EMS Fund							
Capital Lease Proceeds and Capital Assets of \$224,750 - Landfill Fund							
Capital Lease Proceeds and Capital Assets of \$388,654 - Sanitation Fund							

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of City of Big Spring, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 61 identifies criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the City's basic financial statements. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the City is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, one component unit (Big Spring Economic Development Corporation) is included within the reporting City. The City is financially accountable for the Corporation. The City established the sales tax that is the principal source of revenue for the Corporation. The City Council appoints the Board of Directors and approves the annual budget. This component unit has been discretely presented in the accompanying financial statements. Complete financial statements for the component unit can be obtained from their office at 215 West 3rd Street, Big Spring, Texas.

Additionally, the City is not a component unit of any other reporting city as defined by the GASB Statement.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund: This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal and interest (other than debt service payments made by proprietary funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund: This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with providing water and sewer service to the citizens of the City.

Airport/Industrial Park Fund: This fund is used to account for the Airport and Industrial Park. Funding for these activities is provided by charges to renters of facilities.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: This fund is used to account for ambulance emergency services for citizens of the City. Funding for these activities is provided by charges billed to customers receiving the above services and reimbursements from the County.

Landfill Fund: This fund is used to account for landfill fees charged to the sanitation fund and other users of the landfill. This fund also accounts for expenditures to operate the landfill and long-term obligations for closure and post-closure costs related to closing the landfill in the future.

Sanitation Fund: This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses associated with providing sanitation service to the citizens of the City.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition, the City reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the City. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

b. **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting**

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds, of the water and sewer, airport/industrial park, EMS, landfill, and sanitation funds, and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for proprietary funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

c. Fund Balances

The City follows GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance—includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form (i.e. inventory, long-term loans, or prepaids) or because they must remain in-tact such as the principal of an endowment.

Restricted Fund Balance—includes the portion of net resources on which limitations are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments (i.e. externally imposed limitations). Amounts can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or as allowed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples include grant awards and bond proceeds.

Committed Fund Balance—includes the portion of net resources upon which the City Council has imposed limitations on use. Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Council taking the same *formal action* that originally imposed the constraint. The formal action must be approved before the end of the fiscal year in which the commitment will be reflected on the financial statements.

Assigned Fund Balance—includes the portion of net resources for which an intended use has been established by the City Council or the City Official authorized to do so by the City Council. Assignments of fund balance are much less formal than commitments and do not require formal action for their imposition or removal. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed which indicates that resources are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance—includes the amounts in the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories of fund balance. It is the residual classification of the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Negative residual amounts for all other governmental funds are reported in this classification.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Balance Policy

Committed Fund Balance—The City Council is the City's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Council at the City's Council meeting. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period (i.e. the Council may approve the calculation or formula for determining the amount to be committed).

Assigned Fund Balance—The City Council authorizes the City Manager as the City Official responsible for the assignment of fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by this fund balance policy.

Order of Expenditure of Funds

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure (for example, a construction project is being funded partly by a grant, funds set aside by the City Council, and unassigned fund balance), the City will first spend the most restricted funds before moving down to the next most restrictive category with available funds.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents consist of the following:

Purpose	Fund	Amount
Landfill Closure and Post-Closure	Landfill	\$ 4,440,410

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories on the balance sheet are stated at first in first out method. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classes	Estimated Useful Lives (Years)
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	5-50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15
Furniture and Fixtures	2-10

e. Receivable Balances

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds, non-major funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Water and Sewer	Airport/ Industrial Park	Emergency Medical Services	Landfill	Sanitation	Total
Receivables:							
Taxes	\$ 982,014						\$ 982,014
Municipal Court	1,515,980						1,515,980
Other	71,773	956,731			83,621		1,112,125
Accounts	308,688	948,673	227,740	1,063,067	10,771	498,896	3,057,835
Gross Receivables	\$ 2,878,455	\$ 1,905,404	\$ 227,740	\$ 1,063,067	\$ 94,392	\$ 498,896	\$ 6,667,954
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(1,875,885)	(33,719)	(101,899)	(878,354)		(34,884)	(2,924,741)
Net Total Receivables	\$ <u>1,002,570</u>	\$ <u>1,871,685</u>	\$ <u>125,841</u>	\$ <u>184,713</u>	\$ <u>94,392</u>	\$ <u>464,012</u>	\$ <u>3,743,213</u>

Intergovernmental receivables are classified separately in the accompanying financial statements.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

g. Deferred Inflows of Resources – Governmental Funds

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of these items, which arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, *unavailable revenue*, are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

B. Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name	Deficit Amount	Remarks
Emergency Medical Services Fund	\$ (3,637,142)	This fund incurred additional costs that will be recaptured. Deficit will be recaptured through subsidies from the General Fund.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C. Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits, restricted cash, escrow, and cash on hand was \$28,271,570. At year end the City had \$8,600 in cash on hand. The City's cash in bank deposits at year end were \$28,262,970 with a bank balance of \$28,604,350. The City's cash in bank deposits at September 30, 2018 and during the year then ended were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

2. Investments:

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (the Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City's investments at September 30, 2018 are shown below.

<u>Investment or Investment Type</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Tex-Pool Investment Pool	28 Days Average	AAAm	\$ 18,074,151

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

- a. Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law and City policy limit investments in local government investment pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2018, the City's investments in TexPool was rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. The City's demand deposits at year end are entirely covered by FDIC insurance and pledged collateral held in the City's name by the City's agent.
- c. Concentration of Credit Risk – This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Although the City's policy states that portfolio diversification is required, it does not specify diversification goals or limits. All of the City's investments were invested in one local government investment pool at year end.
- d. Interest Rate Risk – As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the City's investment policy requires that the portfolio remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated. For short term liquidity requirements, the City utilizes two local government investment pools. TexPool is managed by Federated Investors for the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (TexPool). TexPool operates on a \$1 net asset value basis and allows same day or next day redemptions and deposits. As of September 30, 2018, TexPool's portfolio maintained a weighted average maturity of approximately 28 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk – This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. While the City's policy does not address this risk, the City has no foreign currency risk as of year-end.

Investment Accounting Policy

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Legal Investments – Under current Texas law and in accordance with City policy, the City is authorized to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its instrumentalities, (4) certificates of deposit that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or are secured as to principal by obligations described in the preceding clauses or in any other manner and amount provided by law for City deposits, (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date, are fully secured by obligations described in clause (1), and are placed through primary government securities dealer or a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, (6) commercial paper that is rated at least A-1 or P-1 or the equivalent by either (a) two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or (b) one nationally recognized credit rating agency if the paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a state bank in the United States, (7) no-load money market mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that have a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less, and include in their investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1 for each share. The City may invest in such obligations directly or through government investment pools that invest solely in such obligations.

Fair Value of Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment earnings.

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1*: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2*: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- *Level 3*: Unobservable inputs.

At September 30, 2018 the City considered Texpool investments Level 1 in the hierarchy and they were reported as cash and cash equivalents.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Net Transfers	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 72,940,088			\$	\$ 72,940,088
Construction in Progress	1,685,555	848,364			2,533,919
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 74,625,643</u>	<u>\$ 848,364</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 75,474,007</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings and Systems	\$ 31,987,857				\$ 31,987,857
Infrastructure and Improvements	25,782,751	571,949			26,354,700
Machinery and Equipment	11,442,743	1,085,974	136,614	330,401	12,334,930
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 69,213,351</u>	<u>\$ 1,657,923</u>	<u>\$ 136,614</u>	<u>\$ 330,401</u>	<u>\$ 70,677,487</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Systems	\$ 28,609,139	\$ 378,080			\$ 28,987,219
Improvements Other Than Buildings	18,354,474	1,736,624			20,091,098
Machinery and Equipment	8,604,281	664,656	136,614	330,401	9,075,150
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 55,567,894</u>	<u>\$ 2,779,360</u>	<u>\$ 136,614</u>	<u>\$ 330,401</u>	<u>\$ 58,153,467</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>\$ 13,645,457</u>	<u>\$ (1,121,437)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 12,524,020</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 88,271,100</u>	<u>\$ (273,073)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 87,998,027</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 86,833
Public Safety	364,993
Highways and Streets	1,174,395
Community Service	1,126
Recreation and Parks	927,941
Cemetery	16,896
Economic Development	189,933
	<u>\$ 2,762,117</u>
Depreciation Charged to Internal Service Funds	17,243
Total Depreciation Charged to Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,779,360</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Net Transfers</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 6,231,414	\$	\$	\$	\$ 6,231,414
Historical Works of Art		426,000			426,000
Construction in Progress	<u>523,453</u>	<u>2,430,005</u>	<u>(1,000)</u>		<u>2,952,458</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 6,754,867</u>	<u>\$ 2,856,005</u>	<u>\$ (1,000)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,609,872</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Systems	\$ 79,387,446	\$ 899,715	\$ 1,000	\$ 36	\$ 80,288,125
Infrastructure and Improvements	54,361,130	9,530			54,370,660
Machinery and Equipment	<u>9,366,607</u>	<u>1,301,131</u>	<u>(136,614)</u>	<u>139,675</u>	<u>10,391,449</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 143,115,183</u>	<u>\$ 2,210,376</u>	<u>\$ (135,614)</u>	<u>\$ 139,711</u>	<u>\$ 145,050,234</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Systems	\$ 58,281,201	\$ 1,843,214	\$	\$ 36	\$ 60,124,379
Infrastructure and Improvements	27,311,039	2,112,631			29,423,670
Machinery and Equipment	<u>5,555,601</u>	<u>882,778</u>	<u>(136,614)</u>	<u>120,291</u>	<u>6,181,474</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 91,147,841</u>	<u>\$ 4,838,623</u>	<u>\$ (136,614)</u>	<u>\$ 120,327</u>	<u>\$ 95,729,523</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>\$ 51,967,342</u>	<u>\$ (2,628,247)</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 19,384</u>	<u>\$ 49,320,711</u>
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 58,722,209</u>	<u>\$ 227,758</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 19,384</u>	<u>\$ 58,930,583</u>
Depreciation Expense		<u>\$ 4,838,623</u>			

E. Internal Balances

1. Due To and From Balances

Internal Balances at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

<u>Due To Fund</u>	<u>Due From Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
General Fund	Proprietary Funds	\$ 580,000	Short-Term Loans
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	<u>(11,561)</u>	Short-Term Loans
Net Internal Balances		<u>\$ 568,439</u>	

All short-term loans are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

<u>Transfers From</u>	<u>Transfers To</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Reason</u>
General Fund	EMS Fund	\$ (700,000)	Annual Subsidy
Proprietary/Internal Service Funds	General Fund	<u>1,741,997</u>	Administrative Fees
		<u>\$ 1,041,997</u>	

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt, landfill obligation, and accrued compensated absences. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 715,000	\$	\$ 715,000	\$	\$
Certificate of Obligation Bonds	3,310,000		210,000	3,100,000	220,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	7,790,000		195,000	7,595,000	755,000
Capital Leases	1,375,086	917,305	663,932	1,628,459	583,649
Economic Conservation	687,990		161,557	526,433	168,326
Compensated Absences	1,581,980	29,482		1,611,462	402,866
Unamortized Bond Premiums	408,855		40,863	367,992	
Total OPEB Liability - TMRS	2,745,103	188,035		2,933,138	
Total OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	445,143	63,073		508,216	
Net Pension Liability - TMRS	8,135,920		2,425,121	5,710,799	
Net Pension Liability - BSFRRF	7,096,272		412,095	6,684,177	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 34,291,349</u>	<u>\$ 1,197,895</u>	<u>\$ 4,823,568</u>	<u>\$ 30,665,676</u>	<u>\$ 2,129,841</u>

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Certificate of Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,730,000	\$	\$ 530,000	\$ 9,200,000	\$ 550,000
Capital Leases	1,956,745	1,164,999	823,231	2,298,513	823,800
Economic Conservation	1,160,515		272,517	887,998	283,937
Compensated Absences	709,024	57,467		766,491	191,622
Closure/Postclosure Landfill	2,970,951	169,893		3,140,844	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	237,304		16,498	220,806	
Total OPEB Liability - TMRS	139,570	19,777		159,347	
Total OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	1,233,890	120,720		1,354,610	
Net Pension Liability - TMRS	3,462,084		457,482	3,004,602	
Net Pension Liability - BSFRRF	2,616,855		7,643	2,609,212	
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 24,216,938</u>	<u>\$ 1,532,856</u>	<u>\$ 2,107,371</u>	<u>\$ 23,642,423</u>	<u>\$ 1,849,359</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

<u>Liability</u>	<u>Activity Type</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Compensated Absences	Governmental	General
Compensated Absences	Business-Type	Proprietary
Net Pension Liabilities	Governmental	General
Net Pension Liabilities	Business-Type	Proprietary
Total OPEB Liabilities	Governmental	General
Total OPEB Liabilities	Business-Type	Proprietary

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation bonds at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 975,000	\$ 300,750	\$ 1,275,750
2020	995,000	277,307	1,272,307
2021	1,025,000	252,694	1,277,694
2022	1,040,000	227,232	1,267,232
2023	1,075,000	201,063	1,276,063
2024-2028	4,995,000	483,946	5,478,946
2029-2030	590,000	24,544	614,544
Totals	\$ 10,695,000	\$ 1,767,536	\$ 12,462,536

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Original Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>	<u>Purpose of Issue</u>
C.O. Bonds	2/1/2007	\$ 460,000	4.0% - 4.375%	2/15/2027	\$ 190,000	Animal Shelter
C.O. Bonds	3/3/2010	4,200,000	2.0% - 4.125%	2/15/2030	2,910,000	Family Aquatic Center
G.O. Refunding Bonds	3/1/2016	7,980,000	2.0% - 3.0%	2/15/2027	7,595,000	Refunding of G.O and C.O. Bonds
		<u>\$ 26,925,000</u>			<u>\$ 10,695,000</u>	

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ending September 30,	Business-Type Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 550,000	\$ 312,537	\$ 862,537
2019	565,000	295,419	860,419
2020	585,000	277,732	862,732
2021	605,000	259,413	864,413
2022	620,000	240,538	860,538
2023-2027	3,285,000	901,073	4,186,073
2028-2032	2,990,000	284,960	3,274,960
Totals	\$ 9,200,000	\$ 2,571,672	\$ 11,771,672

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Outstanding	Purpose of Issue
2012 C.O Bonds	7/15/2012	\$ 11,725,000	2.0% - 5.0%	2/15/2032	\$ 8,930,000	Water Improvements
2007 C.O. Bonds	2/1/2007	640,000	4.0% - 4.375%	2/15/2027	270,000	Elevated Reservoir Repair
		\$ 12,365,000			\$ 9,200,000	

Economic Conservation debt requirements at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 168,327	\$ 22,058	\$ 190,385
2020	175,379	15,005	190,384
2021	182,727	7,656	190,383
Totals	\$ 526,433	\$ 44,719	\$ 571,152

Year Ending September 30,	Business-Type Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 283,935	\$ 37,207	\$ 321,142
2020	295,833	25,310	321,143
2021	308,230	12,915	321,145
Totals	\$ 887,998	\$ 75,432	\$ 963,430

The effective interest rate on the Economic Conservation debt is 4.112%.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Capital Leases

The City uses an annual capital lease package to buy various pieces of machinery, equipment and vehicles for various departments within the City. Below are the related costs and accumulated depreciation of the lease assets as of September 30, 2018:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 9,534,545	\$ 5,974,283
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(6,111,129)</u>	<u>(2,563,243)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 3,423,416</u>	<u>\$ 3,411,040</u>

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of September 30, 2018, as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending September 30,			
2019	\$ 583,649	\$ 29,174	\$ 612,823
2020	428,925	19,020	447,945
2021	322,879	11,040	333,919
2022	216,720	4,639	221,359
2023	<u>76,286</u>	<u>493</u>	<u>76,779</u>
Total Minimum Rentals	<u>\$ 1,628,459</u>	<u>\$ 64,366</u>	<u>\$ 1,692,825</u>

The effective interest rate on capital leases is 1.17% to 3.85%.

	Business-Type Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending September 30,			
2019	\$ 823,800	\$ 36,349	\$ 860,149
2020	605,413	23,698	629,111
2021	455,732	13,756	469,488
2022	305,893	5,780	311,673
2023	<u>107,675</u>	<u>614</u>	<u>108,289</u>
Total Minimum Rentals	<u>\$ 2,298,513</u>	<u>\$ 80,197</u>	<u>\$ 2,378,710</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Continuing Disclosure

The City has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the City.

G. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the City obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

H. Pension Plans

Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS)

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmr.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75.00% of the member's deposits and interest.

Currently the city has adopted the following provisions related to the pension plan:

	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
Employee Deposit Rate	7.00%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	2 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	5
Service Requirement Eligibility (Expressed as Age / Years of Service)	60/5,0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to Retirees)	70% of CPI

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	141
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	103
Active Employees	<u>176</u>
Total Plan Employees	<u><u>420</u></u>

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5.00%, 6.00%, or 7.00% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100.00%, 150.00%, or 200.00%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The required contribution rates for the City were 16.93% and 17.38% in calendar years 2017 and 2018, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$2,136,581, and were equal to the required contributions.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall Payroll Growth	2.70% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Amortization Period	28 years

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)</u>
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.55%
International Equity	17.50%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	3.90%
Real Return	10.00%	3.80%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	<u>Total Pension Liability</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>
Balance 12/31/2016	\$ 51,871,128	\$ 40,273,123	\$ (11,598,005)
Service Cost	1,389,056		(1,389,056)
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	3,431,109		(3,431,109)
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(457,245)		457,245
Contributions - Employer		1,485,185	1,485,185
Contributions - Employee		614,208	614,208
Net Investment Income		5,517,900	5,517,900
Benefit Payments	(2,443,510)	(2,443,510)	
Administrative Expense		(28,605)	(28,605)
Proportionate Share Adjustment	(106,349)		106,349
Other		(54,123)	(54,123)
Balance 12/31/2017	<u>\$ 53,684,189</u>	<u>\$ 45,364,178</u>	<u>\$ (8,320,011)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Rate Assumption</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
\$ 15,846,329	\$ 8,320,011	\$ 2,177,078

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows, and Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,524,734 and calculated as shown below:

Total Service Cost	\$ 1,389,056
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,431,109
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	(614,208)
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	(2,688,187)
Administrative Expense	28,605
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	54,123
Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources-Liabilities	293,649
Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources-Assets	<u>630,587</u>
Total Pension Expense	<u>\$ 2,524,734</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Plan</u>	<u>Plan Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Remaining Period (Years)</u>
Employer Contribution Deferrals	2017	\$ 1,158,046	1.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	2017	(2,263,771)	4.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	2016	(1,570)	3.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	2015	1,050,453	2.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	2014	93,620	1.000
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	2017	(316,069)	2.250
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	2016	<u>97,493</u>	1.230
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>\$ (181,798)</u>	

<u>Plan Year</u>	<u>Amortization of Deferred Outflows</u>
2018	\$ 1,149,214
2019	(163,484)
2020	(601,585)
2021	<u>(565,943)</u>
	<u>\$ (181,798)</u>

Big Spring Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BSFRRF)

Plan Description

Firemen of the City are covered by a single employer defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by a seven-member board. This board consists of the Mayor or his designee, the Chief Financial Officer, three firemen and two outside citizens. Texas Local Fire Fighters' Retirement Act (TLFFRA) requires that the Mayor, or his designee, and the Chief Financial Officer be permanent members of the Board. In addition, three firemen trustees are elected by the firemen. These five members are then charged with the responsibility of appointing the two final board members, who must be local citizens.

Benefits Provided

The City now provides a defined contribution to the fund of 13% of the firemen's salary and the firemen contribute 13%. Upon reaching the age of 50 with 20 years of service, the fireman is eligible for full retirement benefits. Vesting begins in the plan after 10 years of service, when the fireman is eligible for a deferred benefit (commencing at the end of the month in which his normal retirement date would have occurred). City contributions and interest forfeited by firemen who leave employment before full vesting remain in the plan.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

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A firefighter has the option to participate in a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) which provides a lump sum benefit and a reduced annuity upon termination of employment. Firefighters must retire within 5 years of a DROP election. This option is available with a reduced monthly benefit is determined based on an elected lump sum amount such that the combined present value of the benefits under the option is actuarially equivalent to that of the normal form of the monthly benefit. Optional forms are also available at varying levels of surviving spouse benefits instead of the standard two-thirds form.

There is no provision for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. BSFRRF has the authority to provide, and has periodically provided for in the past, ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases. The benefit provisions of this plan are authorized by the Texas Local Fire Fighter's Retirement Act (TLFFRA). TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to amend benefit provisions. Amending the plan requires approval of any proposed change by: a) an eligible actuary and b) a majority of the participating members of the fund.

Currently the City has the following provisions related to the BSFRRF Plan:

	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
Employee Deposit Rate	13.00%
Matching Ratio (City to Employee)	1 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	10/50% + 5%/year to 20
Service Requirement Eligibility (Expressed as Age / Years of Service)	50/20

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following amounts represented employees covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>Total Pension Liability</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	\$ 7,856,596
Active Employees	<u>13,524,505</u>
Total Plan Employees - Pension Liability	<u>\$ 21,381,101</u>

Contributions

The contribution provisions of this plan are authorized by TLFFRA. TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to change the amount of contributions determined as a percentage of pay by each firefighter and a percentage of payroll by the city. While the actual contribution rates are not actuarially determined, state law requires that each plan of benefits adopted by BSFRRF be approved by an eligible actuary. The actuary certifies that the contribution commitment by the firefighters and the city provides an adequate financing arrangement. Using the entry age actuarial cost method, BSFRRF's service cost contribution rate is determined as a percentage of payrolls. The excess of the total contribution rate over the service cost contribution is used to amortize BSFRRF's net pension liability, if any, and the number of years needed to amortize BSFRRF's net pension liability, if any is determined using a level percentage of payroll method. The costs of administering the plan are financed by BSFRRF.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Employees were required to contribute 13.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rate for the City was 13.00% in calendar year 2017 and 2018. The City's contributions to BSFRRF for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$578,137 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The BSFRRF's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuary valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years (funding)
Asset Valuation Method	5 year amortization of investment
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Retirement Age	Age and Service - Related
Mortality	RP2000 Projected

Changes in assumptions during the plan year 2017, were related to changing the discount rate to 7.75% and reducing pay increases to 4.50%.

The assumed rate of return was developed using both the plan's historical rates of return and expected future rates of return. Rate of return experience studies have been performed in connection with the Plan's valuations. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Real Return</u>
Large Cap Stock - S&P 500	30.00%	5.50%
Mid/Small Cap Stocks - Russell 2000	30.00%	6.30%
International Stocks - MSCI EAFE	5.00%	5.20%
Bonds - Barclays US	10.00%	2.50%
Multi-Sector Bonds	20.00%	3.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.80%
Cash Equivalents - 3 Mo. Treasury	0.00%	0.00%

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	<u>Total Pension Liability</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>
Balance 12/31/2016	\$ 20,112,378	\$ 10,399,251	\$ (9,713,127)
Service Cost	545,439		(545,439)
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	1,562,997		(1,562,997)
Changes in Assumptions	392,133		(392,133)
Contributions - Employee		488,555	488,555
Contributions - Employer		488,555	488,555
Net Investment Income		1,655,622	1,655,622
Benefit Payments	(1,231,846)	(1,231,846)	
Administrative Expense		(107,814)	(107,814)
Balance 12/31/2017	<u>\$ 21,381,101</u>	<u>\$ 11,692,323</u>	<u>\$ (9,688,778)</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in discount rate:

<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Rate Assumption</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
\$ 12,479,903	\$ 9,688,778	\$ 7,378,453

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Pension Expense for the year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Total Service Cost	\$ 545,439
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,562,997
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	(488,555)
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	(796,961)
Administrative Expense	107,814
Amortization of Deferred Inflows and Outflows	46,297
Total Pension Expense	<u>\$ 977,031</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan at September 30, 2018 were made up of as follows and will be amortized according to the table below:

Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Plan	Amount	Amortization Period
Employer Contribution Deferrals	\$ 453,257	1.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	50,482	1.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	395,801	2.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	78,463	3.000
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	(686,929)	4.000
Changes in Assumptions	325,444	4.880
Experience Differences	(486,076)	3.880
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 130,442	

Plan Year	Amortization of Deferred Outflows
2019	\$ 497,473
2020	(6,266)
2021	(204,166)
2022	(215,287)
2023	58,688
	\$ 130,442

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional information regarding the BSFRRF Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued BSFRRF financial report and can be obtained from the following address, 310 Nolan, Big Spring, Texas 79720.

I. Self-Insurance

Changes in the claims liability amounts for the self-insurance Internal Service Funds were as follows:

	Liability Balance at 10-01	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Liability Balance at 9-30	Total Internal Service Funds
Year Ending 09-30-17					
Health Insurance Claims	\$ 135,855	\$ 3,193,349	\$ 3,134,948	\$ 194,256	\$
Workers' Compensation Claims	428,989	148,921	129,155	448,755	643,011
Year Ending 09-30-18					
Health Insurance Claims	\$ 194,256	\$ 2,325,307	\$ 2,323,127	\$ 196,436	\$
Workers' Compensation Claims	448,755	141,051	192,468	397,338	593,774

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Health Insurance

Effective October 1, 2001, the City changed from a fully-insured to a self-insured health insurance plan. The City's health insurance plan is administered by a third-party administrator, Employee Benefits Administrators (EBA). EBA reviews and processes all health insurance claims. The City has acquired stop-loss coverage, which limits the City's possible liability exposure to \$90,000 per claim. The City informally budgets for current claims based on actuarial and historical data. Estimated liability on claims that have been incurred but not reported are accrued at year end. Estimated liability for health insurance claims is \$196,436 at September 30, 2018.

Workers' Compensation

The City's workers' compensation plan is administered by Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML). TML reviews and processes all workers' compensation claims. The City has acquired stop-loss coverage, which limits the City's possible loss to \$250,000 per occurrence. The City informally budgets for current claims based on actuarial valuations and historical data. Estimated liability on claims that have been incurred but not reported are accrued at year-end. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims is \$397,338 at September 30, 2018.

J. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Big Spring Retiree Health Insurance Plan

Plan Description:

The City sponsors and administers an informal single-employer health/dental plan, which is available for employees who retire with a minimum of 20 years of service or five consecutive years of service at age 60 or above, at the time of qualified retirement to continue receiving medical coverage until they are age 65 and qualify for Medicare. Texas statute provides that retirees from a municipality with a population of 25,000 or more and that receive retirement benefits from a municipal retirement plan are entitled to purchase continued health benefits coverage for the person and the person's dependents unless the person is eligible for group health benefits coverage through another employer. The State of Texas has the authority to establish and amend the requirements of this statute. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the health/dental plan. However, all required information is presented in this report.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funding Policy:

The contribution requirements of plan members are established by the City and may be amended as needed. Retiree medical/dental coverage levels for retirees are the same as coverage provided to active City employees in accordance with the terms and conditions of the current City Benefit Plan. Plan members may purchase retiree health/dental care coverage for eligible spouses and dependents at their own expense. The City is not required to make contributions to the plan on behalf of the retirees and funds the plan on a projected pay-as-you-go financing method.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	23
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Employees	<u>239</u>
Total Plan Employees	<u><u>262</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability:

The City's total OPEB liability of \$4,287,748 was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$ 3,978,993
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	234,314
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	151,828
Experience Differences	(49,191)
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	194,116
Benefit Payments	<u>(222,312)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2017	<u><u>\$ 4,287,748</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Discount Rate	3.31% as of December 31, 2017
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.50% including inflation - General 5.00% to 10.00% including inflation - Firefighters
Demographic Assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the four year period ending December 31, 2014 as conducted for TMRS.
Mortality rates – General	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
Mortality rates – Firefighters	The rates of mortality are the applicable gender-distinct RP2000 mortality tables for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Retirees. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale AA to account for future mortality improvements.
Health Care Trend Rates	Initial Rate of 7.50% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 15 years.
Participation Rates	It was assumed that 35% of general employees and 80% of firefighters would choose to participate in the retiree medical plan after retirement, if eligible. The participation assumption was assumed to be 10% for non-disability related retirements prior to the age of 50. All retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at the age of 65.

Sensitivity Analysis:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 3.31%, as well as what the Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.31%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.31%) than the current rate. It also show how increasing or decreasing the Healthcare Cost Trend (HCT) Rate over the life of the plan would affect the liability.

	<u>1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.31%)</u>	<u>Discount Rate (3.31%)</u>	<u>1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.31%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>4,710,014</u>	\$ <u>4,287,748</u>	\$ <u>3,910,017</u>
	<u>1% Decrease in HCT Rate</u>	<u>Current HCT Rate Assumption</u>	<u>1% Increase in HCT Rate</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>3,782,810</u>	\$ <u>4,287,748</u>	\$ <u>4,895,283</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$404,600. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
ER Contributions Deferral	\$ 25,627	\$
Experience Differences		42,926
Changes in Assumptions	<u>169,393</u>	<u></u>
	<u>\$ 195,020</u>	<u>\$ 42,926</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>Amortization of Deferred Resources</u>
2018	\$ 44,085
2019	18,458
2020	18,458
2021	18,458
2022	18,458
Thereafter	<u>34,177</u>
	<u>\$ 152,094</u>

TMRS – Supplemental Death Benefit Fund

Plan Description:

Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee’s annual salary (calculated based on the employee’s actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funding policy for the SDBF is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Benefits Provided:

The plan provides a \$7,500 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the SDBF. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$7,500 lump-sum benefit and no future increases are assumed in the benefit amount.

The SDBF fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB No. 75, as the assets of the SDBF can be used to pay active SDBF benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan. The contributions for retiree SDBF coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments shown in the changes in the total OPEB liability.

Benefit terms are established under the TMRS Act. Participation in the retiree SDBF is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year. The City's contribution rate for the retiree SDBF program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$7,500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	105
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	28
Active Employees	<u>178</u>
Total Plan Employees	<u><u>311</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability:

The City's total OPEB liability of \$667,563 was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Balance as of December 31, 2016	\$	584,714
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		20,080
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		22,350
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		47,404
Benefit Payments		<u>(6,985)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	<u><u>667,563</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains and Losses and Assuptions Changes or Inputs	Straight-Line Amortization over Expected Working Life
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation
Discount Rate	3.31%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	\$0
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates – Service Retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
Mortality rates – Disabled Retirees	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The TMRS SDBF is treated as unfunded OPEB plan because the SDBF trust covers both actives and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. Under GASB 75 (paragraph 155), the discount rate for an unfunded OPEB plan should be based on 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.31% based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com is used as of the measurement date of December 31, 2017. At transition, GASB 75 also requires that the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of the prior fiscal year end be estimated based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index.

Annuity Purchase Rates:

Annuity purchase rates are used to determine the amount of the monthly benefit at the time of retirement for both healthy and disabled annuitants, the annuity purchase rates (APRs) for 2014 are based on the UP-1984 Table with an age setback of two years for retirees and an age setback of eight years for beneficiaries. Beginning in 2027 the APRs will be based on a unisex blend of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment for males and females with both male and female rates multiplied by 107.5% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB. For members, a unisex blend of 70% of the males table and 30% of the female table is used, while 30% of the male table and 70% of the female table is used for beneficiaries. From 2015 through 2026, the fully generational APRs will be phased into.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Experience Studies:

Actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. TMRS uses the experience studies as a basis for determining assumptions, except where required to be treated different by GASB 75.

Factors Affecting the Total OPEB Liability:

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2016 to 2017.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement during the measurement period.

Sensitivity Analysis:

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 3.31%, as well as what the Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.31%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.31%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB Liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.31%)	Discount Rate (3.31%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.31%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>789,132</u>	\$ <u>667,563</u>	\$ <u>572,552</u>

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$54,233. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 37,548	\$
Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	<u>5,200</u>	<u></u>
	<u>\$ 42,748</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>Amortization of Deferred Resources</u>
2018	\$ 16,083
2019	10,883
2020	10,883
2021	4,899
2022	0
Thereafter	<u>0</u>
	<u>\$ 42,748</u>

K. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan is administered by two trustees; the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMARC) and the Nationwide Retirement Solutions. In 1997, the City implemented the requirements of GASB No. 32, *Accounting and Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. In accordance with this statement and recent tax law changes, the City amended their trust agreements, which establish that all assets and income of the trust are for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Due to the implementation of these changes, the City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contributions to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities from the Deferred Compensation Plan in these basic financial statements. Deferred compensation investments are held by outside trustees. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan investments are chosen by the individual (employee) participant and include mutual funds whose focus is on stocks, bonds, treasury securities, money market-type investments or a combination of these. The City's Deferred Compensation Plan, available to all permanent City employees, permits them to defer until future years up to \$18,500. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

L. Commitments, Contingencies, Litigation, and Subsequent Events

1. Contingencies

The City participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Litigation

The City does not currently have any litigation that is expected to have a material impact on the financial statements.

3. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through March 21, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

4. Commitments

The City is committed to a construction contract for work on the City's water treatment plant in the amount of \$1,402,621.

M. Closure and Post-closure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its Big Spring Sanitary Landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$3,140,844 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at September 30, 2018, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 91.6% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$294,308 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2018. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and post-closure care. The City has not placed funds in a trust to cover these costs. However, at September 30, 2018 the City has designated an investment in the amount of \$4,440,410 for this purpose.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability
Service Cost	\$ 1,070,609	\$ 1,344,489	\$ 1,396,530	\$ 1,389,056
Interest	3,098,627	3,234,983	3,282,390	3,431,109
Benefit Payments	(2,456,762)	(2,715,237)	(2,440,732)	(2,443,510)
Changes in Assumptions		144,503		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	212,542	485,843	257,450	(457,245)
Other	15,116		(3,284)	(106,349)
Net Change	\$ 1,940,132	\$ 2,494,581	\$ 2,492,354	\$ 1,813,061
Beginning Balance	44,944,061	46,884,193	49,378,774	51,871,128
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 46,884,193</u>	<u>\$ 49,378,774</u>	<u>\$ 51,871,128</u>	<u>\$ 53,684,189</u>
	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position
Employee Contributions	\$ 621,774	\$ 621,181	\$ 614,825	\$ 614,208
Employer Contributions	1,513,350	1,463,901	1,414,975	1,485,185
Net Investment Income	2,114,041	56,638	2,562,669	5,517,900
Benefit Payments	(2,456,762)	(2,715,237)	(2,440,732)	(2,443,510)
Administration Expenses	(22,073)	(33,192)	(28,947)	(28,605)
Other	10,616	32,233	(1,561)	(54,123)
Net Change	\$ 1,780,946	\$ (574,476)	\$ 2,121,229	\$ 5,091,055
Beginning Balance	36,945,424	38,726,370	38,151,894	40,273,123
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 38,726,370</u>	<u>\$ 38,151,894</u>	<u>\$ 40,273,123</u>	<u>\$ 45,364,178</u>
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 8,157,823</u>	<u>\$ 11,226,880</u>	<u>\$ 11,598,005</u>	<u>\$ 8,320,011</u>
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	82.60%	77.26%	77.64%	84.50%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,616,222	\$ 8,972,306	\$ 8,790,799	\$ 8,774,404
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	94.68%	125.13%	131.93%	94.82%

Note: Only four years of GASB 68 data available as of 12/31/2017. The remaining six years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	9/30/2015	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,508,017	\$ 2,066,989	\$ 1,466,109	\$ 2,136,581
Actual Contributions	1,508,017	2,066,989	1,466,109	2,136,581
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
 Covered Employee Payroll	 \$ 8,942,080	 \$ 9,282,783	 \$ 8,778,847	 \$ 8,774,404
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	16.86%	22.27%	16.70%	24.35%

Note: Only four years of GASB 68 data available as of 09/30/2018. The remaining six years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
BIG SPRING FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability
Service Cost	\$ 453,334	\$ 453,334	\$ 506,260	\$ 545,439
Interest	1,447,905	1,564,936	1,598,125	1,562,997
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience			(736,630)	
Changes in Assumptions				392,133
Benefit Payments	(1,277,131)	(1,339,860)	(1,930,220)	(1,231,846)
Net Change	\$ 624,108	\$ 678,410	\$ (562,465)	\$ 1,268,723
Beginning Balance	19,372,325	19,996,433	20,674,843	20,112,378
Ending Balance	\$ 19,996,433	\$ 20,674,843	\$ 20,112,378	\$ 21,381,101
	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position	Fiduciary Net Position
Employee Contributions	\$ 496,045	\$ 525,572	\$ 519,916	\$ 488,555
Employer Contributions	496,046	525,572	519,916	488,555
Net Investment Income	594,840	(107,469)	691,060	1,655,622
Benefit Payments	(1,277,131)	(1,339,860)	(1,930,220)	(1,231,846)
Administration Expenses	(80,057)	(61,331)	(100,928)	(107,814)
Net Change	\$ 229,743	\$ (457,516)	\$ (300,256)	\$ 1,293,072
Beginning Balance	10,927,280	11,157,023	10,699,507	10,399,251
Ending Balance	\$ 11,157,023	\$ 10,699,507	\$ 10,399,251	\$ 11,692,323
Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,839,410	\$ 9,975,336	\$ 9,713,127	\$ 9,688,778
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	55.80%	51.75%	51.71%	54.69%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,634,001	\$ 4,042,862	\$ 3,766,262	\$ 3,758,115
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	243.24%	246.74%	257.90%	257.81%

Note: Only four years of GASB 68 data available as of 12/31/2017. The remaining six years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
BIG SPRING FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	9/30/2015	9/30/2016	9/30/2017	9/30/2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 511,584	\$ 546,693	\$ 491,271	\$ 578,137
Actual Contributions	511,584	546,693	491,271	578,137
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	0	0	0	0
 Covered Employee Payroll	 \$ 3,935,256	 \$ 4,205,336	 \$ 3,779,008	 \$ 3,410,923
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	16.95%

Note: Only four years of GASB 68 data available as of 09/30/2018. The remaining six years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT B-5

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
TMRS - SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	12/31/2017
	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Service Cost	\$ 20,080
Interest	22,350
Benefit Payments	(6,985)
Changes in Assumption	<u>47,404</u>
Net Change	\$ 82,849
Beginning Balance	584,714
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 667,563</u>
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 667,563</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,774,404
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.61%

Note: Only one year of GASB 75 data available as of 12/31/2017. The remaining nine years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

Notes to RSI:

1. This plan does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT B-6

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
BIG SPRING RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	<u>12/31/2017</u>
	Total OPEB Liability
Service Cost	\$ 234,314
Interest	151,828
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(49,191)
Benefit Payments	194,116
Changes in Assumptions	<u>(222,312)</u>
Net Change	\$ 308,755
Beginning Balance	3,978,993
Ending Balance	\$ <u>4,287,748</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u><u>4,287,748</u></u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 10,106,139
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	42.43%

Note: Only one year of GASB 75 data available as of 12/31/2017. The remaining nine years of data will be built on a go forward basis.

Notes to RSI:

1. This plan does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT B-7

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	\$ 5,900,593	\$ 6,219,000	\$ 6,313,126	\$ 94,126
General Sales Taxes	6,700,000	7,350,000	7,756,760	406,760
Gross Receipts Business Taxes	1,458,700	1,425,000	1,405,982	(19,018)
License and Permits	339,950	332,365	451,219	118,854
Intergovernmental	884,200	198,752	1,013,517	814,765
Fines	358,500	353,000	344,809	(8,191)
Recreation	676,500	1,085,598	673,473	(412,125)
Investment Earnings	14,000	62,000	84,621	22,621
Rents and Royalties	540,716	3,105,858	3,008,335	(97,523)
Miscellaneous	57,578	63,828	76,877	13,049
Contributions and Donations	8,800	(1,430)	37,082	38,512
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 16,939,537</u>	<u>\$ 20,193,971</u>	<u>\$ 21,165,801</u>	<u>\$ 971,830</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Non-Departmental (000)	\$ 263,682	\$ 327,526	\$ 317,695	\$ 9,831
City Council (110)	119,114	109,215	107,742	1,473
Finance (120)	565,989	591,570	590,660	910
City Manager (130)	309,920	325,602	336,547	(10,945)
Information Technology (140)	227,627	226,785	214,538	12,247
Legal (150)	239,648	468,288	447,198	21,090
Human Resources (160)	429,185	444,439	435,780	8,659
Special Projects (170)		25,000		25,000
Planning Department (190)	175,638	152,665	142,885	9,780
Public Safety				
Police (200)	5,323,040	5,699,708	5,566,677	133,031
Narcotics Task Force (201)	495,433	278,914	244,335	34,579
Fire (210)	4,320,240	4,342,333	4,479,657	(137,324)
Municipal Court (220)	315,926	351,600	347,651	3,949
Fire Marshal (230)	140,847	167,466	142,257	25,209
Animal Control (240)	376,063	370,685	339,090	31,595
Highways and Streets				
Code Enforcement (300)	345,594	381,021	357,611	23,410
General Maintenance (310)	141,018	147,912	127,213	20,699
Streets (320)	2,170,724	2,570,461	2,278,507	291,954
Recreation and Parks				
Parks (370)	429,156	445,791	468,749	(22,958)
Sports Complex (375)	288,304	326,345	295,228	31,117
Swimming Pool (380)	269,421	312,068	304,731	7,337
Golf Course (390)	685,236	787,706	785,407	2,299
Lake (410)	36,215	40,039	37,664	2,375
City Hall (420)	146,360	141,852	130,475	11,377
Debt Service:				
Principal	877,275	784,151	805,533	(21,382)
Interest	40,848	40,848	57,223	(16,375)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 18,732,503</u>	<u>\$ 19,859,990</u>	<u>\$ 19,361,053</u>	<u>\$ 498,937</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ (1,792,966)</u>	<u>\$ 333,981</u>	<u>\$ 1,804,748</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,767</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In (Out)	\$ 1,113,867	\$ 1,089,867	\$ 848,214	\$ (241,653)
Proceeds from Capital Lease Financing	780,028	891,392	903,453	12,061
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 1,893,895</u>	<u>\$ 1,981,259</u>	<u>\$ 1,751,667</u>	<u>\$ (229,592)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ 100,929</u>	<u>\$ 2,315,240</u>	<u>\$ 3,556,415</u>	<u>\$ 1,241,175</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,549,205	6,549,205	6,549,205	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 6,650,134</u>	<u>\$ 8,864,445</u>	<u>\$ 10,105,620</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	28 years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.50% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010 - 2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions during the year.

Benefits Changes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

**CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS
BIG SPRING FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND PENSION PLAN
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years (funding)
Asset Valuation Method	5 year amortization of investment
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Retirement Age	Age and Service - Related
Mortality	RP2000 Projected

Other Information:

Changes in Benefits:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Changes in Assumptions:

Pay increases were reduced from 5.00% to 4.50% during the 2017 valuation, and the discount rate was also reduced to 7.75% from 8.00%.

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**CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS
GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

BUDGETARY DATA

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the City Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least 10 days public notice of the meeting must have been given.
- c. Prior to the start of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the City Council.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the City Council. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the City Council and are not made after fiscal year end. The legal level of control is at the department level. During the year, the budget was amended as necessary. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The budget is presented on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

**COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES
AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-1

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

		Debt Service Fund <u>2007</u> G.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund <u>2007</u> C.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund <u>2010</u> C.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund <u>2016</u> G.O. Refunding Bonds	Permanent Fund <u>Cemetery</u> Permanent Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS							
Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,333,603	\$ 157,124	\$ 11,866	\$ 68,696	\$ 18,183	\$ 360,519	\$ 1,949,991
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	<u>248,081</u>	<u>23,800</u>	<u>1,107</u>	<u>10,792</u>	<u>18,988</u>		<u>302,768</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,581,684</u>	<u>\$ 180,924</u>	<u>\$ 12,973</u>	<u>\$ 79,488</u>	<u>\$ 37,171</u>	<u>\$ 360,519</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,759</u>
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 214,032						\$ 214,032
Retainage Payable	52,507						52,507
Accrued Wages	30,147						30,147
Due to Other Funds	0	160,000	12,000	70,000		9,000	251,000
Unearned Revenue	52,872						52,872
Customer Deposits	21,113						21,113
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 370,671</u>	<u>\$ 160,000</u>	<u>\$ 12,000</u>	<u>\$ 70,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,000</u>	<u>\$ 621,671</u>
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 20,924	\$ 973	\$ 9,488	\$ 16,694		\$ 48,079
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 20,924</u>	<u>\$ 973</u>	<u>\$ 9,488</u>	<u>\$ 16,694</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 48,079</u>
 Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable Fund Balances:							
Cemetery Permanent Care						\$ 351,519	\$ 351,519
Restricted Fund Balances:							
Restricted for Advertising and Promotions	681,995						681,995
Restricted for Court Security	6,947						6,947
Restricted for Court Technology	18,058						18,058
Restricted for Public, Educational and Governmental Television Access	172,136						172,136
Restricted for Public Safety Improvements	206,570						206,570
Restricted for Debt Service					20,477		20,477
Committed Fund Balances:							
Committed for Employee Education	65,998						65,998
Committed for Cemetery Operations	59,309						59,309
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,211,013</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 20,477</u>	<u>\$ 351,519</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,009</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,581,684</u>	<u>\$ 180,924</u>	<u>\$ 12,973</u>	<u>\$ 79,488</u>	<u>\$ 37,171</u>	<u>\$ 360,519</u>	<u>\$ 2,252,759</u>

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund 2007 G.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund 2007 C.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund 2010 C.O. Bonds	Debt Service Fund 2016 G.O. Refunding Bonds	Permanent Fund Cemetery Permanent Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenue:							
Taxes							
General Property Taxes	\$	\$ 533,537	\$ 23,990	\$ 236,579	\$ 405,619	\$	\$ 1,199,725
Gross Receipts Business Tax	49,792						49,792
Motel Occupancy Taxes	2,157,204						2,157,204
Intergovernmental	282,773						282,773
Charges for Services	35,165						35,165
Fines	14,703						14,703
Investment Earnings	10,660				758	5,485	16,903
Rents and Royalties	137,416						137,416
Miscellaneous	7,347						7,347
Contributions and Donations	352,286						352,286
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 3,047,346</u>	<u>\$ 533,537</u>	<u>\$ 23,990</u>	<u>\$ 236,579</u>	<u>\$ 406,377</u>	<u>\$ 5,485</u>	<u>\$ 4,253,314</u>
Expenditures:							
Current							
General Government	\$ 12,298	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,298
Public Safety	6,329						6,329
Community Service	416,639						416,639
Economic Development	1,944,591						1,944,591
Cemetery	139,283						139,283
Debt Service							
Principal	16,666	715,000	25,000	185,000	195,000		1,136,666
Interest	1,547	14,300	8,550	118,900	190,450		333,747
Fiscal Agent's Fees			375	400	450		1,225
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 2,537,353</u>	<u>\$ 729,300</u>	<u>\$ 33,925</u>	<u>\$ 304,300</u>	<u>\$ 385,900</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 3,990,778</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 509,993</u>	<u>\$ (195,763)</u>	<u>\$ (9,935)</u>	<u>\$ (67,721)</u>	<u>\$ 20,477</u>	<u>\$ 5,485</u>	<u>\$ 262,536</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In (Out)	\$ 45,811	\$ 153,327	\$ 9,891	\$ 67,321	\$	\$ (5,485)	\$ 270,865
Capital Lease	9,067						9,067
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ 54,878</u>	<u>\$ 153,327</u>	<u>\$ 9,891</u>	<u>\$ 67,321</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (5,485)</u>	<u>\$ 279,932</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 564,871	\$ (42,436)	\$ (44)	\$ (400)	\$ 20,477	\$ 0	\$ 542,468
Fund Balances - Beginning	646,142	42,436	44	400	0	351,519	1,040,541
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 1,211,013</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 20,477</u>	<u>\$ 351,519</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,009</u>

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-3

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Employee's College Education	Municipal Court Security	Municipal Court Technology	Cemetery	Senior Center	P.E.G.	Hotel Occupancy	State Forfeiture	Police Department Seizure	Total Nonmajor-Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
ASSETS										
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 65,998	\$ 5,270	\$ 18,058	\$ 90,861	\$ 37,337	\$ 172,136	\$ 737,373	\$ 44,985	\$ 161,585	\$ 1,333,603
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		1,677		27,200			219,204			248,081
Total Assets	\$ 65,998	\$ 6,947	\$ 18,058	\$ 118,061	\$ 37,337	\$ 172,136	\$ 956,577	\$ 44,985	\$ 161,585	\$ 1,581,684
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,964	\$ 12,611	\$	\$ 197,457	\$	\$	\$ 214,032
Retainage Payable							52,507			52,507
Accrued Wages				1,916	24,726		3,505			30,147
Unearned Revenue				52,872						52,872
Customer Deposits							21,113			21,113
Total Liabilities	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 58,752	\$ 37,337	\$ 0	\$ 274,582	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 370,671
Fund Balances:										
Restricted Fund Balances:										
Restricted for Advertising and Promotions	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 681,995	\$	\$	\$ 681,995
Restricted for Court Security		6,947								6,947
Restricted for Court Technology			18,058							18,058
Restricted for Public, Educational and Governmental Television Access						172,136				172,136
Restricted for Public Safety Improvements								44,985	161,585	206,570
Committed Fund Balances:										
Committed for Employee Education	65,998									65,998
Committed for Cemetery Operations				59,309						59,309
Total Fund Balances	\$ 65,998	\$ 6,947	\$ 18,058	\$ 59,309	\$ 0	\$ 172,136	\$ 681,995	\$ 44,985	\$ 161,585	\$ 1,211,013
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 65,998	\$ 6,947	\$ 18,058	\$ 118,061	\$ 37,337	\$ 172,136	\$ 956,577	\$ 44,985	\$ 161,585	\$ 1,581,684

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-4

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Employee's College Education	Municipal Court Security	Municipal Court Technology	Cemetery	Senior Center	P.E.G.	Hotel Occupancy	State Forfeiture	Police Department Seizure	Total Nonmajor-Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
Revenue:										
Taxes										
Gross Receipts Business Tax	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 49,792	\$	\$	\$	\$ 49,792
Motel Occupancy Taxes							2,157,204			2,157,204
Intergovernmental					96,738			22,143	163,892	282,773
Charges for Services	16,805				18,360					35,165
Fines		6,298	8,405							14,703
Investment Earnings	556	27	80	1,843		1,393	5,135	283	1,343	10,660
Rents and Royalties				89,726			47,690			137,416
Miscellaneous							7,347			7,347
Contributions and Donations							352,286			352,286
Total Revenue	\$ 17,361	\$ 6,325	\$ 8,485	\$ 91,569	\$ 115,098	\$ 51,185	\$ 2,569,662	\$ 22,426	\$ 165,235	\$ 3,047,346
Expenditures:										
Current										
General Government	\$ 5,090	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,208	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,298
Public Safety		54						2,625	3,650	6,329
Community Service					416,639					416,639
Economic Development							1,944,591			1,944,591
Cemetery				139,283						139,283
Debt Service										
Principal				11,670			4,996			16,666
Interest				655			892			1,547
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,090	\$ 54	\$ 0	\$ 151,608	\$ 416,639	\$ 7,208	\$ 1,950,479	\$ 2,625	\$ 3,650	\$ 2,537,353
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 12,271	\$ 6,271	\$ 8,485	\$ (60,039)	\$ (301,541)	\$ 43,977	\$ 619,183	\$ 19,801	\$ 161,585	\$ 509,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In (Out)	\$	\$ (1,000)	\$ 9,573	\$ 5,485	\$ 301,541	\$	\$ (269,788)	\$	\$	\$ 45,811
Capital Lease				9,067						9,067
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 0	\$ (1,000)	\$ 9,573	\$ 14,552	\$ 301,541	\$ 0	\$ (269,788)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 54,878
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 12,271	\$ 5,271	\$ 18,058	\$ (45,487)	\$ 0	\$ 43,977	\$ 349,395	\$ 19,801	\$ 161,585	\$ 564,871
Fund Balances - Beginning	53,727	1,676	0	104,796	0	128,159	332,600	25,184	0	646,142
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 65,998	\$ 6,947	\$ 18,058	\$ 59,309	\$ 0	\$ 172,136	\$ 681,995	\$ 44,985	\$ 161,585	\$ 1,211,013

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-5

HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
Motel Occupancy Taxes	\$ 1,051,000	\$ 1,830,200	\$ 2,157,204	\$ 327,004
Investment Earnings	2,300	3,000	5,135	2,135
Rents and Royalties	39,650	42,450	47,690	5,240
Miscellaneous	3,820	2,108	7,347	5,239
Contributions and Donations	20,000	352,000	352,286	286
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 1,116,770</u>	<u>\$ 2,229,758</u>	<u>\$ 2,569,662</u>	<u>\$ 339,904</u>
 Expenditures:				
Economic Development	\$ 887,616	\$ 1,862,323	\$ 1,944,591	\$ (82,268)
Debt Service:				
Principal	4,796	4,796	4,996	(200)
Interest	1,092	1,092	892	200
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 893,504</u>	<u>\$ 1,868,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,950,479</u>	<u>\$ (82,268)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 223,266</u>	<u>\$ 361,547</u>	<u>\$ 619,183</u>	<u>\$ 257,636</u>
 Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	\$ (119,788)	\$ (269,788)	\$ (269,788)	\$ 0
Total Other Financing Uses	<u>\$ (119,788)</u>	<u>\$ (269,788)</u>	<u>\$ (269,788)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
 Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 103,478	\$ 91,759	\$ 349,395	\$ 257,636
 Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>332,600</u>	<u>332,600</u>	<u>332,600</u>	<u></u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$ 436,078</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 424,359</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 681,995</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 257,636</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-6

EMPLOYEE'S COLLEGE EDUCATION FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Charges for Services	\$ 11,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 16,805	\$ 4,805
Investment Earnings	70	300	556	256
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 11,070</u>	<u>\$ 12,300</u>	<u>\$ 17,361</u>	<u>\$ 5,061</u>
Expenditures:				
Current				
General Government	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 5,090	\$ (1,090)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 4,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,090</u>	<u>\$ (1,090)</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 7,070</u>	<u>\$ 8,300</u>	<u>\$ 12,271</u>	<u>\$ 3,971</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 7,070	\$ 8,300	\$ 12,271	\$ 3,971
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>53,727</u>	<u>53,727</u>	<u>53,727</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 60,797</u>	<u>\$ 62,027</u>	<u>\$ 65,998</u>	<u>\$ 3,971</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-7

MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Fines	\$ 7,200	\$ 6,600	\$ 6,298	\$ (302)
Investment Earnings	12	4	27	23
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 7,212</u>	<u>\$ 6,604</u>	<u>\$ 6,325</u>	<u>\$ (279)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current				
Public Safety	<u>\$ 7,418</u>	<u>\$ 7,418</u>	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 7,364</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 7,418</u>	<u>\$ 7,418</u>	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 7,364</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ (206)</u>	<u>\$ (814)</u>	<u>\$ 6,271</u>	<u>\$ 7,085</u>
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (1,000)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Total Other Financing Uses	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (1,000)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (206)	\$ (814)	\$ 5,271	\$ 6,085
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>1,676</u>	<u>1,676</u>	<u>1,676</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$ 1,470</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 862</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,947</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,085</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-8

MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Fines	\$ 0	\$ 8,840	\$ 8,405	\$ (435)
Investment Earnings	0	80	80	0
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 8,920</u>	<u>\$ 8,485</u>	<u>\$ (435)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current				
Public Safety	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 8,920</u>	<u>\$ 8,485</u>	<u>\$ (435)</u>
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,573</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Total Other Financing Uses	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,573</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 0	\$ 8,920	\$ 18,058	\$ 9,138
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u></u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,920</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 18,058</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,138</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-9

CEMETERY FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	\$ 940	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,843	\$ 243
Rents and Royalties	99,850	89,050	89,726	676
Miscellaneous	5,000	0	0	0
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 105,790</u>	<u>\$ 90,650</u>	<u>\$ 91,569</u>	<u>\$ 919</u>
Expenditures:				
Cemetery	\$ 157,774	\$ 154,969	\$ 139,283	\$ 15,686
Debt Service:				
Principal Payments	13,742	12,534	11,670	864
Interest	655	655	655	0
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 172,171</u>	<u>\$ 168,158</u>	<u>\$ 151,608</u>	<u>\$ 16,550</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ (66,381)</u>	<u>\$ (77,508)</u>	<u>\$ (60,039)</u>	<u>\$ 17,469</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	\$ 1,800	\$ 4,200	\$ 5,485	\$ 1,285
Capital Lease	16,000	9,067	9,067	0
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 17,800</u>	<u>\$ 13,267</u>	<u>\$ 14,552</u>	<u>\$ 1,285</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (48,581)	\$ (64,241)	\$ (45,487)	\$ 18,754
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>104,796</u>	<u>104,796</u>	<u>104,796</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 56,215</u>	<u>\$ 40,555</u>	<u>\$ 59,309</u>	<u>\$ 18,754</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-10

SENIOR CENTER
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 104,000	\$ 104,000	\$ 96,738	\$ (7,262)
Charges for Services	22,325	22,325	18,360	(3,965)
Investment Earnings	200	200	0	(200)
Contributions and Donations	50	50	0	(50)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 126,575</u>	<u>\$ 126,575</u>	<u>\$ 115,098</u>	<u>\$ (11,477)</u>
Expenditures:				
Community Service	\$ 409,891	\$ 425,666	\$ 416,639	\$ 9,027
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 409,891</u>	<u>\$ 425,666</u>	<u>\$ 416,639</u>	<u>\$ 9,027</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ (283,316)</u>	<u>\$ (299,091)</u>	<u>\$ (301,541)</u>	<u>\$ (2,450)</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	\$ 275,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 301,541	\$ 1,541
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 275,000</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ 301,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,541</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (8,316)	\$ 909	\$ 0	\$ (909)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ (8,316)</u>	<u>\$ 909</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (909)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-11

P.E.G. FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Gross Receipts Business Tax	\$ 52,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 49,792	\$ (2,208)
Investment Earnings	240	1,260	1,393	133
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 52,240</u>	<u>\$ 53,260</u>	<u>\$ 51,185</u>	<u>\$ (2,075)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Governmental	\$ 13,630	\$ 7,209	\$ 7,208	\$ 1
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 13,630</u>	<u>\$ 7,209</u>	<u>\$ 7,208</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ 38,610</u>	<u>\$ 46,051</u>	<u>\$ 43,977</u>	<u>\$ (2,074)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 38,610	\$ 46,051	\$ 43,977	\$ (2,074)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>128,159</u>	<u>128,159</u>	<u>128,159</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 166,769</u>	<u>\$ 174,210</u>	<u>\$ 172,136</u>	<u>\$ (2,074)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-12

STATE FORFEITURE FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 22,143	\$ 7,143
Investment Earnings	25	160	283	123
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 8,025</u>	<u>\$ 15,160</u>	<u>\$ 22,426</u>	<u>\$ 7,266</u>
Expenditures:				
General Governmental	\$ 5,000	\$ 3,200	\$ 2,625	\$ 575
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,200</u>	<u>\$ 2,625</u>	<u>\$ 575</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ 3,025</u>	<u>\$ 11,960</u>	<u>\$ 19,801</u>	<u>\$ 7,841</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (500)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (500)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 5,025	\$ 12,460	\$ 19,801	\$ 7,341
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>25,184</u>	<u>25,184</u>	<u>25,184</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 30,209</u>	<u>\$ 37,644</u>	<u>\$ 44,985</u>	<u>\$ 7,341</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-13

POLICE DEPARTMENT SEIZURE FUND
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 0	\$ 200,000	\$ 163,892	\$ (36,108)
Investment Earnings	0	850	1,343	493
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 200,850</u>	<u>\$ 165,235</u>	<u>\$ (35,615)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Governmental	\$ 0	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,650	\$ 350
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 4,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,650</u>	<u>\$ 350</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 196,850</u>	<u>\$ 161,585</u>	<u>\$ (35,265)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 0	\$ 196,850	\$ 161,585	\$ (35,265)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u></u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 196,850</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 161,585</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (35,265)</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-14

2007 G.O. BONDS
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	\$ 591,300	\$ 531,000	\$ 533,537	\$ 2,537
Investment Earnings	850	290	0	(290)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 592,150</u>	<u>\$ 531,290</u>	<u>\$ 533,537</u>	<u>\$ 2,247</u>
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$ 715,000	\$ 715,000	\$ 715,000	\$ 0
Interest	14,300	14,300	14,300	0
Fiscal Agent's Fees	750	750	0	750
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 730,050</u>	<u>\$ 730,050</u>	<u>\$ 729,300</u>	<u>\$ 750</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ (137,900)</u>	<u>\$ (198,760)</u>	<u>\$ (195,763)</u>	<u>\$ 2,997</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 153,327</u>	<u>\$ 153,327</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 153,327</u>	<u>\$ 153,327</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (137,900)	\$ (198,760)	\$ (42,436)	\$ 156,324
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>42,436</u>	<u>42,436</u>	<u>42,436</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ (95,464)</u>	<u>\$ (156,324)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 156,324</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-15

2007 C.O. BONDS
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	\$ 25,950	\$ 26,390	\$ 23,990	\$ (2,400)
Investment Earnings	30	22	0	(22)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 25,980</u>	<u>\$ 26,412</u>	<u>\$ 23,990</u>	<u>\$ (2,422)</u>
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,550	8,550	8,550	0
Fiscal Agent's Fees	375	375	375	0
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 33,925</u>	<u>\$ 33,925</u>	<u>\$ 33,925</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ (7,945)</u>	<u>\$ (7,513)</u>	<u>\$ (9,935)</u>	<u>\$ (2,422)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,891</u>	<u>\$ 9,891</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,891</u>	<u>\$ 9,891</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (7,945)	\$ (7,513)	\$ (44)	\$ 7,469
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>44</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>44</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ (7,901)</u>	<u>\$ (7,469)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 7,469</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-16

2010 C.O. BONDS
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	\$ 300,100	\$ 285,000	\$ 236,579	\$ (48,421)
Investment Earnings	250	130	0	(130)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 300,350</u>	<u>\$ 285,130</u>	<u>\$ 236,579</u>	<u>\$ (48,551)</u>
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$ 185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	118,900	118,900	118,900	0
Fiscal Agent's Fees	750	400	400	0
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 304,650</u>	<u>\$ 304,300</u>	<u>\$ 304,300</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ (4,300)</u>	<u>\$ (19,170)</u>	<u>\$ (67,721)</u>	<u>\$ (48,551)</u>
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 67,321</u>	<u>\$ 67,321</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 67,321</u>	<u>\$ 67,321</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (4,300)	\$ (19,170)	\$ (400)	\$ 18,770
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>400</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>400</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$ (3,900)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (18,770)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 18,770</u></u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-17

2016 G.O. REFUNDING BONDS
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Taxes				
General Property Taxes	\$ 463,500	\$ 449,400	\$ 405,619	\$ (43,781)
Investment Earnings	5	250	758	508
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 463,505</u>	<u>\$ 449,650</u>	<u>\$ 406,377</u>	<u>\$ (43,273)</u>
Expenditures:				
General Governmental	\$	\$	\$ 0	\$ 0
Debt Service:				
Principal	195,000	195,000	195,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	191,200	191,200	190,450	750
Bond Issuance Costs	5	250	450	(200)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 386,205</u>	<u>\$ 386,450</u>	<u>\$ 385,900</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 77,300</u>	<u>\$ 63,200</u>	<u>\$ 20,477</u>	<u>\$ (42,723)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 77,300	\$ 63,200	\$ 20,477	\$ (42,723)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 77,300</u>	<u>\$ 63,200</u>	<u>\$ 20,477</u>	<u>\$ (42,723)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-18

CEMETERY PERMANENT CARE FUND
PERMANENT FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	\$ <u>1,900</u>	\$ <u>4,200</u>	\$ <u>5,485</u>	\$ <u>1,285</u>
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,900</u>	\$ <u>4,200</u>	\$ <u>5,485</u>	\$ <u>1,285</u>
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ <u>1,900</u>	\$ <u>4,200</u>	\$ <u>5,485</u>	\$ <u>1,285</u>
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	\$ <u>(650)</u>	\$ <u>(4,200)</u>	\$ <u>(5,485)</u>	\$ <u>(1,285)</u>
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ <u>(650)</u>	\$ <u>(4,200)</u>	\$ <u>(5,485)</u>	\$ <u>(1,285)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,250	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>351,519</u>	<u>351,519</u>	<u>351,519</u>	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 352,769</u>	<u>\$ 351,519</u>	<u>\$ 351,519</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-19

WATER AND SEWER FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Water Sales	\$ 9,604,800	\$ 10,656,000	\$ 11,201,273	\$ 545,273
Sewer Charges	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,783,801	83,801
Other Services	333,620	320,740	299,160	(21,580)
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 12,638,420</u>	<u>\$ 13,676,740</u>	<u>\$ 14,284,234</u>	<u>\$ 607,494</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	\$ 2,316,129	\$ 2,315,152	\$ 2,524,147	\$ (208,995)
Supplies and Materials	4,831,750	5,136,913	5,000,467	136,446
Contractual Services	1,318,896	1,399,263	1,199,591	199,672
Maintenance	980,611	1,099,542	1,490,457	(390,915)
Depreciation	3,376,728	2,021,034	1,863,238	157,796
Other	120,000	70,012	65,558	4,454
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 12,944,114</u>	<u>\$ 12,041,916</u>	<u>\$ 12,143,458</u>	<u>\$ (101,542)</u>
Operating Income	<u>\$ (305,694)</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,824</u>	<u>\$ 2,140,776</u>	<u>\$ 505,952</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Revenue	\$ 7,220	\$ 31,040	\$ 45,119	\$ 14,079
Other	9,000	4,700	821	(3,879)
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	(1,324,176)	(1,322,863)	(359,172)	963,691
Total Non-Operating Expenses	<u>\$ (1,307,956)</u>	<u>\$ (1,287,123)</u>	<u>\$ (313,232)</u>	<u>\$ 973,891</u>
Income Before Transfers	<u>\$ (1,613,650)</u>	<u>\$ 347,701</u>	<u>\$ 1,827,544</u>	<u>\$ 1,479,843</u>
Capital Contributions	750,000	750,000	750,000	
Transfers Out	<u>(646,770)</u>	<u>(646,770)</u>	<u>(646,770)</u>	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (1,510,420)</u>	<u>\$ 450,931</u>	<u>\$ 1,930,774</u>	<u>\$ 1,479,843</u>
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>18,602,323</u>	<u>18,602,323</u>	<u>18,602,323</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 17,091,903</u>	<u>\$ 19,053,254</u>	<u>\$ 20,533,097</u>	<u>\$ 1,479,843</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-20

AIRPORT/INDUSTRIAL PARK
 PROPRIETARY FUND
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Commercial Rentals and Fees	\$ 1,173,400	\$ 1,314,600	\$ 1,283,136	\$ (31,464)
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 1,173,400</u>	<u>\$ 1,314,600</u>	<u>\$ 1,283,136</u>	<u>\$ (31,464)</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	\$ 512,316	\$ 480,707	\$ 451,554	\$ 29,153
Supplies and Materials	49,500	53,450	41,390	12,060
Contractual Services	202,017	322,245	290,607	31,638
Maintenance	1,009,750	1,070,000	819,070	250,930
Depreciation	451,700	1,065,770	1,337,234	(271,464)
Other	2,000	2,398	29,050	(26,652)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 2,227,283</u>	<u>\$ 2,994,570</u>	<u>\$ 2,968,905</u>	<u>\$ 25,665</u>
Operating Income (Expense)	<u>\$ (1,053,883)</u>	<u>\$ (1,679,970)</u>	<u>\$ (1,685,769)</u>	<u>\$ (5,799)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 25,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 12,481	\$ (519)
Interest Revenue	7,000	50,000	67,625	17,625
Rents and Royalties	982,275	2,858,480	2,759,596	(98,884)
Other	(64,703)	314,917	8,185	(306,732)
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees			(9,439)	(9,439)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 949,572</u>	<u>\$ 3,236,397</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,448</u>	<u>\$ (397,949)</u>
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	<u>\$ (104,311)</u>	<u>\$ 1,556,427</u>	<u>\$ 1,152,679</u>	<u>\$ (403,748)</u>
Capital Contributions			2,085,592	2,085,592
Transfers Out	<u>(503,966)</u>	<u>(503,966)</u>	<u>(503,966)</u>	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (608,277)</u>	<u>\$ 1,052,461</u>	<u>\$ 2,734,305</u>	<u>\$ 1,681,844</u>
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>29,042,833</u>	<u>29,042,833</u>	<u>29,042,833</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 28,434,556</u>	<u>\$ 30,095,294</u>	<u>\$ 31,777,138</u>	<u>\$ 1,681,844</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-21

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Emergency Medical Services	\$ 1,702,200	\$ 1,800,150	\$ 1,944,405	\$ 144,255
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 1,702,200</u>	<u>\$ 1,800,150</u>	<u>\$ 1,944,405</u>	<u>\$ 144,255</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	\$ 1,680,760	\$ 1,790,107	\$ 2,503,220	\$ (713,113)
Supplies and Materials	123,550	132,950	149,062	(16,112)
Contractual Services	97,200	89,160	101,705	(12,545)
Maintenance	42,104	69,800	51,722	18,078
Depreciation	134,259	412,272	163,655	248,617
Other	652,000	690,000	923,729	(233,729)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 2,729,873</u>	<u>\$ 3,184,289</u>	<u>\$ 3,893,093</u>	<u>\$ (708,804)</u>
Operating Loss	<u>\$ (1,027,673)</u>	<u>\$ (1,384,139)</u>	<u>\$ (1,948,688)</u>	<u>\$ (564,549)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets	\$	\$ 28,400	\$ 17,016	\$ (11,384)
Other	(1,200)	302,538	308,722	6,184
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	(152,014)	(142,574)	(6,937)	135,637
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ (153,214)</u>	<u>\$ 188,364</u>	<u>\$ 318,801</u>	<u>\$ 130,437</u>
Loss Before Transfers	<u>\$ (1,180,887)</u>	<u>\$ (1,195,775)</u>	<u>\$ (1,629,887)</u>	<u>\$ (434,112)</u>
Capital Contributions	350,000	361,500	361,500	
Transfers In	<u>574,239</u>	<u>574,239</u>	<u>574,239</u>	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (256,648)</u>	<u>\$ (260,036)</u>	<u>\$ (694,148)</u>	<u>\$ (434,112)</u>
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>(2,942,994)</u>	<u>(2,942,994)</u>	<u>(2,942,994)</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ (3,199,642)</u>	<u>\$ (3,203,030)</u>	<u>\$ (3,637,142)</u>	<u>\$ (434,112)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-22

LANDFILL FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Landfill Fees	\$ 1,846,400	\$ 1,684,700	\$ 1,755,588	\$ 70,888
Other Services	2,000	2,000	800	(1,200)
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 1,848,400</u>	<u>\$ 1,686,700</u>	<u>\$ 1,756,388</u>	<u>\$ 69,688</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	\$ 613,327	\$ 670,268	\$ 682,128	\$ (11,860)
Supplies and Materials	48,250	54,000	66,491	(12,491)
Contractual Services	142,100	146,280	151,172	(4,892)
Maintenance	48,800	58,200	84,772	(26,572)
Depreciation	2,501,852	866,000	1,202,772	(336,772)
Other	50,005	50,005	170,086	(120,081)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 3,404,334</u>	<u>\$ 1,844,753</u>	<u>\$ 2,357,421</u>	<u>\$ (512,668)</u>
Operating Income	<u>\$ (1,555,934)</u>	<u>\$ (158,053)</u>	<u>\$ (601,033)</u>	<u>\$ (442,980)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Revenue	\$ 17,400	\$ 54,000	\$ 71,857	\$ 17,857
Other	140	50	69	19
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	<u>(300,393)</u>	<u>(224,360)</u>	<u>(7,657)</u>	<u>216,703</u>
Total Non-Operating Expenses	<u>\$ (282,853)</u>	<u>\$ (170,310)</u>	<u>\$ 64,269</u>	<u>\$ 234,579</u>
Income Before Transfers	\$ (1,838,787)	\$ (328,363)	\$ (536,764)	\$ (208,401)
Capital Contributions	250,000	250,000	250,000	
Transfers Out	<u>(286,434)</u>	<u>(286,434)</u>	<u>(286,434)</u>	
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,875,221)	\$ (364,797)	\$ (573,198)	\$ (208,401)
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>7,082,217</u>	<u>7,082,217</u>	<u>7,082,217</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 5,206,996</u>	<u>\$ 6,717,420</u>	<u>\$ 6,509,019</u>	<u>\$ (208,401)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-23

**SANITATION FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Sanitation Revenue	\$ 3,060,000	\$ 3,051,500	\$ 3,168,589	\$ 117,089
Other Services	43,500	60,000	60,033	33
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 3,103,500</u>	<u>\$ 3,111,500</u>	<u>\$ 3,228,622</u>	<u>\$ 117,122</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel Services	\$ 619,155	\$ 641,871	\$ 656,403	\$ (14,532)
Supplies and Materials	299,580	299,580	205,728	93,852
Contractual Services	953,154	965,613	979,175	(13,562)
Maintenance	310,550	310,550	345,115	(34,565)
Depreciation	334,321	388,655	271,724	116,931
Other	47,500	47,500	24,648	22,852
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 2,564,260</u>	<u>\$ 2,653,769</u>	<u>\$ 2,482,793</u>	<u>\$ 170,976</u>
Operating Income	<u>\$ 539,240</u>	<u>\$ 457,731</u>	<u>\$ 745,829</u>	<u>\$ 288,098</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Revenue	\$ 1,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 7,212	\$ 3,412
Other	1,000	1,000	1,167	167
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	(357,308)	(331,967)	(16,325)	315,642
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ (354,508)</u>	<u>\$ (327,167)</u>	<u>\$ (7,946)</u>	<u>\$ 319,221</u>
Income Before Transfers	\$ 184,732	\$ 130,564	\$ 737,883	\$ 607,319
Transfers Out	<u>(329,066)</u>	<u>(179,066)</u>	<u>(179,066)</u>	<u>0</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ (144,334)	\$ (48,502)	\$ 558,817	\$ 607,319
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,109,998</u>	<u>1,109,998</u>	<u>1,109,998</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 965,664</u>	<u>\$ 1,061,496</u>	<u>\$ 1,668,815</u>	<u>\$ 607,319</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-24

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Garage</u>	<u>Health Insurance</u>	<u>Occupational Accident Insurance</u>	<u>Payroll Fund</u>	<u>Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-7)</u>
ASSETS:					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,479	\$ 307,990	\$ 813,272	\$ 109,463	\$ 1,234,204
Total Current Assets	<u>\$ 3,479</u>	<u>\$ 307,990</u>	<u>\$ 813,272</u>	<u>\$ 109,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,234,204</u>
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)					
Land	\$ 10,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,000
Machinery and Equipment	5,970				5,970
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>\$ 15,970</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 15,970</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 19,449</u>	<u>\$ 307,990</u>	<u>\$ 813,272</u>	<u>\$ 109,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,250,174</u>
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,196	\$	\$ 24,370	\$ 108,874	\$ 138,440
Claims and Judgments Payable		196,435	397,338		593,773
Due to Other Funds	25,000		11,561	589	37,150
Long Term Debt - Current	3,772				3,772
Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$ 33,968</u>	<u>\$ 196,435</u>	<u>\$ 433,269</u>	<u>\$ 109,463</u>	<u>\$ 773,135</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long Term Debt	\$ 9,774	\$	\$	\$	\$ 9,774
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$ 9,774</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 9,774</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 43,742</u>	<u>\$ 196,435</u>	<u>\$ 433,269</u>	<u>\$ 109,463</u>	<u>\$ 782,909</u>
NET POSITION:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,424	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,424
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>(26,717)</u>	<u>111,555</u>	<u>380,003</u>	<u></u>	<u>464,841</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (24,293)</u>	<u>\$ 111,555</u>	<u>\$ 380,003</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 467,265</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-25

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Garage</u>	<u>Health Insurance</u>	<u>Occupational Accident Insurance</u>	<u>Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-8)</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Billings to Departments and Employees	\$ 30,000	\$ 3,555,861	\$ 454,555	\$ 4,040,416
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,555,861</u>	<u>\$ 454,555</u>	<u>\$ 4,040,416</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Supplies and Materials	\$ 22,958	\$	\$	\$ 22,958
Contractual Services	12,238	3,326,873	89,634	3,428,745
Maintenance	16,573			16,573
Depreciation	17,243			17,243
Other Expense		109,850	29,258	139,108
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 69,012</u>	<u>\$ 3,436,723</u>	<u>\$ 118,892</u>	<u>\$ 3,624,627</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (39,012)</u>	<u>\$ 119,138</u>	<u>\$ 335,663</u>	<u>\$ 415,789</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Revenue	\$ 6	\$ 1,134	\$ 3,951	\$ 5,091
Other Income	13,173	493,168		506,341
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	(431)			(431)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ 12,748</u>	<u>\$ 494,302</u>	<u>\$ 3,951</u>	<u>\$ 511,001</u>
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	\$ (26,264)	\$ 613,440	\$ 339,614	\$ 926,790
Transfers In (Out)		<u>329,087</u>	<u>(406,169)</u>	<u>(77,082)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ (26,264)	\$ 942,527	\$ (66,555)	\$ 849,708
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,971</u>	<u>(830,972)</u>	<u>446,558</u>	<u>(382,443)</u>
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ (24,293)</u>	<u>\$ 111,555</u>	<u>\$ 380,003</u>	<u>\$ 467,265</u>

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-26

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

	Garage	Health Insurance	Occupational Accident Insurance	Payroll Fund	Total Internal Service Funds (See Exhibit A-9)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$ 30,000	\$ 3,555,861	\$ 454,555	\$ (18,581)	\$ 4,040,416
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(43,345)	(3,434,544)	(150,504)	(18,581)	(3,646,974)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (13,345)	\$ 121,317	\$ 304,051	\$ (18,581)	\$ 393,442
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities					
Cash Transfers from (to) Other Funds	\$ 5,000	\$ (314,417)	\$ (394,608)	\$ (98,125)	\$ (802,150)
Various Reimbursements	13,173	493,168			506,341
Net Cash from Non-Capital Financing Activities	\$ 18,173	\$ 178,751	\$ (394,608)	\$ (98,125)	\$ (295,809)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Principal and Interest Paid	\$ (3,721)				\$ (3,721)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ (3,721)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (3,721)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest and Dividends on Investments	\$ 6	\$ 1,134	\$ 3,951		\$ 5,091
Net Cash from Investing Activities	\$ 6	\$ 1,134	\$ 3,951	\$ 0	\$ 5,091
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	\$ 1,113	\$ 301,202	\$ (86,606)	\$ (116,706)	\$ 99,003
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	2,366	6,788	899,878	226,169	1,135,201
	\$ 3,479	\$ 307,990	\$ 813,272	\$ 109,463	\$ 1,234,204
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (39,012)	\$ 119,138	\$ 335,663	\$ 0	\$ 415,789
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities					
Depreciation	\$ 17,243				\$ 17,243
Non-Cash Lease Purchase - Supplies and Materials Expense	4,784				4,784
Change in Assets and Liabilities					
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	3,640		19,805	(18,581)	4,864
Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgements Payable		2,179	(51,417)		(49,238)
Total Adjustments	\$ 25,667	\$ 2,179	\$ (31,612)	\$ (18,581)	\$ (22,347)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (13,345)	\$ 121,317	\$ 304,051	\$ (18,581)	\$ 393,442

Supplemental Cash Flow Information:

Non-Cash Related Financing Activities:

- Capital Lease Proceeds and Supplies and Materials Expense of \$4,784 - Garage Fund
- Transfers of Fully Depreciated Capital Assets of \$136,615 - From Sanitation Fund to Garage Fund
- Transfers of Fully Depreciated Capital Assets of \$150,737 - From General Fund to Garage Fund

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-27

GARAGE FUND
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Billings to Departments and Employees	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 0
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Supplies and Materials	\$ 10,670	\$ 10,340	\$ 22,958	\$ 12,618
Contractual Services	10,600	13,707	12,238	(1,469)
Maintenance	13,000	15,500	16,573	1,073
Depreciation	6,499	6,499	17,243	10,744
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 40,769</u>	<u>\$ 46,046</u>	<u>\$ 69,012</u>	<u>\$ 22,966</u>
Operating Loss	<u>\$ (10,769)</u>	<u>\$ (16,046)</u>	<u>\$ (39,012)</u>	<u>\$ (22,966)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest Revenue	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 6
Other Income	10,000	13,715	13,173	(542)
Interest Expense and Paying Agent Fees	2,007	2,565	(431)	(2,996)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 12,007</u>	<u>\$ 16,280</u>	<u>\$ 12,748</u>	<u>\$ (3,532)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,238	\$ 234	\$ (26,264)	\$ (26,498)
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,971</u>	<u>1,971</u>	<u>1,971</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 3,209</u>	<u>\$ 2,205</u>	<u>\$ (24,293)</u>	<u>\$ (26,498)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-28

HEALTH INSURANCE FUND
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Billings to Departments and Employees	\$ <u>2,941,554</u>	\$ <u>3,521,242</u>	\$ <u>3,555,861</u>	\$ <u>34,619</u>
Total Operating Revenues	\$ <u>2,941,554</u>	\$ <u>3,521,242</u>	\$ <u>3,555,861</u>	\$ <u>34,619</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Contractual Services	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 3,377,165	\$ 3,326,873	\$ 50,292
Other	400,000	110,182	109,850	332
Total Operating Expenses	\$ <u>2,780,000</u>	\$ <u>3,487,347</u>	\$ <u>3,436,723</u>	\$ <u>50,624</u>
Operating Loss	\$ <u>161,554</u>	\$ <u>33,895</u>	\$ <u>119,138</u>	\$ <u>85,243</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES :				
Interest Revenue	\$ 400	\$ 630	\$ 1,134	\$ 504
Other Income		460,741	493,168	32,427
Total Non-Operating Revenues	\$ <u>400</u>	\$ <u>461,371</u>	\$ <u>494,302</u>	\$ <u>32,931</u>
Loss Before Transfers	\$ 161,954	\$ 495,266	\$ 613,440	\$ 118,174
Transfers In/(Out)	<u>(70,913)</u>	<u>1,133,504</u>	<u>329,087</u>	<u>(804,417)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 91,041	\$ 1,628,770	\$ 942,527	\$ (686,243)
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>(830,972)</u>	<u>(830,972)</u>	<u>(830,972)</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ <u>(739,931)</u>	\$ <u>797,798</u>	\$ <u>111,555</u>	\$ <u>(686,243)</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

EXHIBIT C-29

OCCUPATIONAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE FUND
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Billings to Departments and Employees	\$ 340,000	\$ 460,976	\$ 454,555	\$ 6,421
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 340,000</u>	<u>\$ 460,976</u>	<u>\$ 454,555</u>	<u>\$ 6,421</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Contractual Services	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 89,634	\$ 135,366
Other	31,000	31,000	29,258	1,742
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 256,000</u>	<u>\$ 256,000</u>	<u>\$ 118,892</u>	<u>\$ 137,108</u>
Operating Income	<u>\$ 84,000</u>	<u>\$ 204,976</u>	<u>\$ 335,663</u>	<u>\$ 130,687</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:				
Interest Revenue	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,300	\$ 3,951	\$ 1,651
Total Non-Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,300</u>	<u>\$ 3,951</u>	<u>\$ 1,651</u>
Income Before Transfers	\$ 86,000	\$ 207,276	\$ 339,614	\$ 132,338
Transfers Out	<u>(4,057)</u>	<u>(404,057)</u>	<u>(406,169)</u>	<u>(2,112)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 81,943	\$ (196,781)	\$ (66,555)	\$ 130,226
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>446,558</u>	<u>446,558</u>	<u>446,558</u>	
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 528,501</u>	<u>\$ 249,777</u>	<u>\$ 380,003</u>	<u>\$ 130,226</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION
(Unaudited)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Big Spring's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends	Pages
This segment contains information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	108-112
Revenue Capacity	
This segment contains information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources which are sales tax followed closely by property tax.	113-118
Debt Capacity	
This segment contains information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	119-122
Economic and Demographic Information	
This segment contains demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	123-124
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	125-127

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

**EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)**

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 1,824,360	\$ 2,036,771	\$ 2,208,403	\$ 1,465,600	\$ 2,271,190	\$ 2,949,162	\$ 2,827,225	\$ 3,610,242	\$ 4,319,516	\$ 2,322,398
Public Safety	8,224,479	8,959,484	8,858,090	10,206,784	9,169,573	10,019,614	9,793,329	8,121,985	11,108,472	10,610,351
Highways and Streets	2,142,249	2,004,963	2,166,500	2,818,290	2,856,428	3,241,167	2,752,555	3,074,989	2,603,386	3,140,916
Sanitation	2,260,078	1,843,457	1,971,841	1,917,764	2,245,954					
Community Service	498,303	518,615	541,643	488,382	544,265	445,156	388,350	485,436	428,628	422,772
Recreation and Parks	1,404,752	1,616,841	2,249,772	2,141,638	2,576,760	2,704,295	2,885,114	2,922,106	2,975,491	2,935,567
Cemetery	190,062	146,107	138,837	136,214	197,462	178,970	112,931	157,622	160,716	149,166
Economic Development	1,867,545	1,816,715	1,997,635	2,597,377	2,653,925	579,099	1,885,570	884,174	943,376	1,259,566
Interest on Long-Term Debt	771,681	814,498	864,355	820,539	775,200	731,792	721,634	545,700	406,966	384,767
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 19,183,509	\$ 19,757,451	\$ 20,997,076	\$ 22,592,588	\$ 23,290,757	\$ 20,849,255	\$ 21,366,708	\$ 19,802,254	\$ 22,946,551	\$ 21,225,503
Business-Type Activities										
Water and Sewer	\$ 9,959,780	\$ 10,851,962	\$ 10,285,767	\$ 10,276,144	\$ 10,619,316	\$ 11,017,032	\$ 11,630,379	\$ 12,870,168	\$ 12,161,138	\$ 12,502,630
Airport/Industrial Park	1,536,701	1,516,681	1,713,690	1,703,282	1,865,245	1,871,990	1,926,139	2,197,454	2,267,046	2,978,344
Emergency Medical Services	1,991,905	2,183,830	2,293,215	2,316,840	2,732,967	2,439,037	2,263,904	4,748,202	2,437,397	3,900,030
Landfill						786,699	956,719	911,517	1,294,588	2,365,078
Sanitation						2,375,412	2,604,324	2,510,088	2,677,446	2,499,118
Malone & Hogan Clinic					196,300	304,504	333,196	149,171		
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	\$ 13,488,386	\$ 14,552,473	\$ 14,292,672	\$ 14,296,266	\$ 15,413,828	\$ 18,794,674	\$ 19,714,661	\$ 23,386,600	\$ 20,837,615	\$ 24,245,200
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 32,671,895	\$ 34,309,924	\$ 35,289,748	\$ 36,888,854	\$ 38,704,585	\$ 39,643,929	\$ 41,081,369	\$ 43,188,854	\$ 43,784,166	\$ 45,470,703
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services										
Public Safety	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 383,893	\$ 463,439	\$ 735,710	\$ 713,524
Sanitation	2,789,526	2,735,430	2,860,676	2,914,021	2,905,146					
Community Service	53,727	50,740	37,848	40,464	26,867	25,095	20,015	21,532	58,245	63,241
Recreation and Parks	421,657	407,605	731,107	850,840	977,787	934,612	896,820	689,922	629,462	673,473
Cemetery							97,334	104,927	109,569	89,726
General Government	194,274	223,348	238,024	233,895	287,084	381,874	321,863	425,291	1,160,988	3,122,346
Economic Development								15,046	600	2,810
Operating Grants and Contributions	257,142	227,973	241,571	200,736	280,323	263,453	161,905	178,985	1,051,110	1,296,290
Capital Grants and Contributions	52,370	135,368	99,993							
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$ 3,768,696	\$ 3,780,464	\$ 4,209,219	\$ 4,239,956	\$ 4,477,207	\$ 1,605,034	\$ 1,881,830	\$ 1,899,142	\$ 3,745,684	\$ 5,961,410
Business-Type Activities										
Charges for Services										
Water and Sewer	\$ 9,594,378	\$ 9,702,905	\$ 10,399,803	\$ 12,510,503	\$ 12,139,757	\$ 11,887,981	\$ 12,818,098	\$ 13,328,561	\$ 13,472,446	\$ 14,284,234
Airport/Industrial Park	806,400	847,816	864,539	942,427	1,134,065	1,099,100	1,172,073	1,184,708	1,102,834	1,283,136
Emergency Medical Services	1,808,569	1,747,596	1,732,690	1,729,411	1,728,680	1,325,358	1,488,687	1,788,374	1,784,060	1,944,405
Landfill						1,437,172	1,629,385	1,883,292	1,847,307	1,756,388
Sanitation						2,653,868	3,380,689	3,203,951	3,140,550	3,228,622
Malone & Hogan Clinic					198,983	289,171	267,838	138,695		
Operating Grants and Contributions	203,042	163,875	181,052	156,348	173,337	966,157	456,771	453,867		
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,584,321			1,243,346	2,304,000	2,612,347	2,569,184	5,261,762	1,489,325	3,447,092
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	\$ 16,996,710	\$ 12,462,192	\$ 13,178,084	\$ 16,582,035	\$ 17,678,822	\$ 22,271,154	\$ 23,782,725	\$ 27,243,210	\$ 22,836,522	\$ 25,943,877
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 20,765,406	\$ 16,242,656	\$ 17,387,303	\$ 20,821,991	\$ 22,156,029	\$ 23,876,188	\$ 25,664,555	\$ 29,142,352	\$ 26,582,206	\$ 31,905,287
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (15,414,813)	\$ (15,976,987)	\$ (16,787,857)	\$ (18,352,632)	\$ (18,813,550)	\$ (19,244,221)	\$ (19,484,878)	\$ (17,903,112)	\$ (19,200,867)	\$ (15,264,093)
Business-Type Activities	3,508,324	(2,090,281)	(1,114,588)	2,285,769	2,264,994	3,476,480	4,068,064	3,856,610	1,998,907	1,698,677
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (11,906,489)	\$ (18,067,268)	\$ (17,902,445)	\$ (16,066,863)	\$ (16,548,556)	\$ (15,767,741)	\$ (15,416,814)	\$ (14,046,502)	\$ (17,201,960)	\$ (13,565,416)

**GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)**

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (15,414,813)	\$ (15,976,987)	\$ (16,787,857)	\$ (18,352,632)	\$ (18,813,550)	\$ (19,244,221)	\$ (19,484,878)	\$ (17,903,112)	\$ (19,200,867)	\$ (15,264,093)
Business-Type Activities	<u>3,508,324</u>	<u>(2,090,281)</u>	<u>(1,114,588)</u>	<u>2,285,769</u>	<u>2,264,994</u>	<u>3,476,480</u>	<u>4,068,064</u>	<u>3,856,610</u>	<u>1,998,907</u>	<u>1,698,677</u>
Total Primary Government Net Expense	<u>\$ (11,906,489)</u>	<u>\$ (18,067,268)</u>	<u>\$ (17,902,445)</u>	<u>\$ (16,066,863)</u>	<u>\$ (16,548,556)</u>	<u>\$ (15,767,741)</u>	<u>\$ (15,416,814)</u>	<u>\$ (14,046,502)</u>	<u>\$ (17,201,960)</u>	<u>\$ (13,565,416)</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$ 3,252,311	\$ 5,068,566	\$ 5,400,654	\$ 5,558,497	\$ 5,542,990	\$ 5,261,553	\$ 5,161,268	\$ 5,566,502	\$ 6,575,360	\$ 7,464,151
Sales Taxes	5,369,792	6,047,491	5,778,812	5,734,386	6,479,539	7,721,480	8,915,307	6,347,971	6,354,361	7,756,760
Gross Receipts Taxes	1,477,481	1,522,960	1,414,058	1,428,017	1,468,738	1,530,152	1,553,002	1,631,818	1,392,071	1,455,774
Motel Occupancy Taxes	478,512	694,339	505,456	499,279	732,252	1,145,353	1,339,310	1,512,024	967,870	2,157,204
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	942,137	1,053,729	1,182,689	1,126,704	1,144,321	1,077,560	992,900	1,200,350	756,762	389,368
Investment Earnings	1,023,253	844,532	186,464	71,567	51,606	38,154	33,510	17,681	33,262	106,615
Miscellaneous	1,236,171	1,364,251	1,450,330	1,265,495	1,383,766	1,469,698	1,284,148	1,805,292	1,320,595	590,565
Transfers	570,670	(296,038)	(215,821)	687,099	593,937	(1,447,344)	598,536	301,970	335,522	1,041,997
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 14,350,327</u>	<u>\$ 16,299,830</u>	<u>\$ 15,702,642</u>	<u>\$ 16,371,044</u>	<u>\$ 17,397,149</u>	<u>\$ 16,796,606</u>	<u>\$ 19,877,981</u>	<u>\$ 18,383,608</u>	<u>\$ 17,735,803</u>	<u>\$ 20,962,434</u>
Business-Type Activities										
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	\$ 217,009	\$ 1,036,216	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,481
Investment Earnings	276,256	106,972	20,005	1,646	1,252	2,374	12,897	7,819	37,572	191,813
Other	450	3,711	6,737	24,814	20,272	24,989	(5,816)	2,081,058	(500,275)	3,095,576
Transfers	(570,670)	296,038	215,821	(687,099)	(593,937)	1,447,344	(598,536)	(301,970)	(335,522)	(1,041,997)
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ (76,955)</u>	<u>\$ 1,442,937</u>	<u>\$ 242,563</u>	<u>\$ (660,639)</u>	<u>\$ (572,413)</u>	<u>\$ 1,474,707</u>	<u>\$ (591,455)</u>	<u>\$ 1,786,907</u>	<u>\$ (798,225)</u>	<u>\$ 2,257,873</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 14,273,372</u>	<u>\$ 17,742,767</u>	<u>\$ 15,945,205</u>	<u>\$ 15,710,405</u>	<u>\$ 16,824,736</u>	<u>\$ 18,271,313</u>	<u>\$ 19,286,526</u>	<u>\$ 20,170,515</u>	<u>\$ 16,937,578</u>	<u>\$ 23,220,307</u>
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,448,868	\$ 2,426,855	\$ 287,829	\$ 394,057	\$ 609,292	\$ (1,556,026)	\$ 393,103	\$ 480,496	\$ (1,465,064)	\$ 5,698,341
Business-Type Activities	<u>(1,799,414)</u>	<u>286,627</u>	<u>3,750,887</u>	<u>(2,750,920)</u>	<u>(1,687,001)</u>	<u>3,760,476</u>	<u>3,476,609</u>	<u>5,643,517</u>	<u>1,200,682</u>	<u>3,956,550</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 649,454</u>	<u>\$ 2,713,482</u>	<u>\$ 4,038,716</u>	<u>\$ (2,356,863)</u>	<u>\$ (1,077,709)</u>	<u>\$ 2,204,450</u>	<u>\$ 3,869,712</u>	<u>\$ 6,124,013</u>	<u>\$ (264,382)</u>	<u>\$ 9,654,891</u>

**FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)**

		<u>Pre-GASB 54</u>									
		Fiscal Year									
		<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>								
General Fund											
Reserved	\$	17,894	\$ 8,818								
Unreserved		<u>8,607,986</u>	<u>7,314,099</u>								
Total General Fund	\$	<u>8,625,880</u>	<u>7,322,917</u>								
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved for Cemetery Care	\$	351,511	\$ 351,511								
Reserved for Debit Service Funds		263,432	236,291								
Reserved for Capital Projects		2,579,548	5,484,028								
Unreserved, Reported in:											
Special Revenue Funds		3,045,361	1,717,260								
Capital Projects Funds		<u>1,829,311</u>	<u>1,919,549</u>								
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	<u>8,069,163</u>	<u>9,708,639</u>								
Post-GASB 54											
		Fiscal Year									
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$	30,344	\$ 40,815	\$ 48,631	\$ 24,125	\$ 23,737	\$ 22,240	\$ 13,290	\$ 725		
Restricted						19,248	10,773	9,573			
Committed		2,759,003	3,004,648	3,254,712					2,724,800		
Unassigned		<u>5,553,475</u>	<u>6,899,206</u>	<u>7,455,110</u>	<u>6,043,847</u>	<u>6,094,440</u>	<u>6,089,826</u>	<u>6,526,342</u>	<u>7,380,095</u>		
Total General Fund	\$	<u>8,342,822</u>	<u>9,944,669</u>	<u>10,758,453</u>	<u>6,067,972</u>	<u>6,137,425</u>	<u>6,122,839</u>	<u>6,549,205</u>	<u>10,105,620</u>		
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	\$	353,324	\$ 353,370	\$ 351,511	\$ 351,519	\$ 351,519	\$ 351,519	\$ 351,519	\$ 351,519		
Restricted		5,466,336	2,425,192	2,957,202	2,992,841	2,994,729	1,556,921	530,499	1,106,183		
Committed		<u>591,464</u>	<u>322,535</u>	<u>184,558</u>	<u>880,997</u>	<u>423,555</u>	<u>179,598</u>	<u>158,523</u>	<u>125,307</u>		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	<u>6,411,124</u>	<u>3,101,097</u>	<u>3,493,271</u>	<u>4,225,357</u>	<u>3,769,803</u>	<u>2,088,038</u>	<u>1,040,541</u>	<u>1,583,009</u>		

**CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)**

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 13,059,530	\$ 13,203,041	\$ 14,228,655	\$ 15,689,578	\$ 16,976,475	\$ 14,999,605	\$ 16,798,695	\$ 15,234,110	\$ 16,272,566	\$ 18,882,589
License and Permits	186,062	213,509	229,314	225,050	279,026	373,964	314,981	378,798	554,169	451,219
Fines	361,425	451,300	464,054	485,534	402,604	402,282	352,406	422,150	354,784	359,512
Charges for Services	3,267,596	3,002,540	3,179,692	3,204,314	3,210,841	62,451	39,343	28,537	43,113	35,165
Recreation	421,657	407,605	731,107	850,840	977,787	934,612	896,820	689,922	629,462	673,473
Intergovernmental	1,492,201	1,492,007	1,386,686	1,278,297	1,273,084	1,462,302	1,107,031	1,066,092	1,051,110	1,296,290
Investment Earnings	186,464	71,567	49,298	35,385	28,833	14,382	15,781	29,907	26,364	101,524
Other Revenues	683,754	682,384	761,982	743,179	897,198	1,274,850	845,652	1,276,344	1,553,770	3,619,343
Total Revenues	\$ 19,658,689	\$ 19,523,953	\$ 21,030,788	\$ 22,512,177	\$ 24,045,848	\$ 19,524,448	\$ 20,370,709	\$ 19,125,860	\$ 20,485,338	\$ 25,419,115
Expenditures										
General Government	\$ 1,754,193	\$ 1,861,001	\$ 1,968,659	\$ 1,869,559	\$ 2,028,809	\$ 2,558,536	\$ 2,742,772	\$ 2,690,586	\$ 3,003,998	\$ 2,605,343
Public Safety	8,416,171	9,257,095	8,718,705	10,572,874	9,591,341	9,878,175	10,727,744	10,156,799	9,833,425	11,125,996
Highways and Streets	6,927,490	4,820,334	2,052,702	2,054,093	2,070,155	2,390,778	1,986,967	2,788,053	2,616,535	2,763,331
Sanitation	1,766,181	2,210,220	1,604,844	2,251,328	3,368,138					
Community Service	489,450	528,189	529,711	476,450	534,888	440,099	399,761	441,448	409,539	416,639
Recreation and Parks	5,141,208	2,216,615	4,559,619	1,412,645	1,738,664	1,812,530	1,823,242	1,929,483	2,044,458	2,022,254
Economic Development	1,825,613	1,832,712	2,047,073	2,583,829	2,611,025	575,969	1,706,224	1,443,657	2,265,602	1,944,591
Cemetery	215,888	125,424	116,176	115,531	195,940	189,728	97,332	179,392	131,738	139,283
Capital Outlay										
Debt Service										
Interest and Fees	774,219	750,003	908,500	816,451	777,180	734,474	698,954	543,544	415,394	392,195
Bond Issuance Costs								60,454		
Principal	1,511,564	1,349,565	1,432,358	1,513,830	1,562,698	1,410,909	1,498,335	1,651,655	1,893,801	1,942,199
Total Expenditures	\$ 28,821,977	\$ 24,951,158	\$ 23,938,347	\$ 23,666,590	\$ 24,478,838	\$ 19,991,198	\$ 21,681,331	\$ 21,885,071	\$ 22,614,490	\$ 23,351,831
Excess of Revenues										
Under Expenditures	\$ (9,163,288)	\$ (5,427,205)	\$ (2,907,559)	\$ (1,154,413)	\$ (432,990)	\$ (466,750)	\$ (1,310,622)	\$ (2,759,211)	\$ (2,129,152)	\$ 2,067,284
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Capital Leases	\$ 578,525	\$ 955,949	\$	\$ 862,139	\$ 1,243,129	\$ 693,436	\$ 719,707	\$ 862,938	\$ 217,938	\$ 912,520
Payment to Escrow Agent								(8,639,736)		
Issuance of Debt		4,120,670						8,453,629		
Transfers In (Out)	(215,821)	687,099	629,949	(1,415,906)	406,819	340,399	204,814	386,029	1,290,083	1,119,079
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 362,704	\$ 5,763,718	\$ 629,949	\$ (553,767)	\$ 1,649,948	\$ 1,033,835	\$ 924,521	\$ 1,062,860	\$ 1,508,021	\$ 2,031,599
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (8,800,584)	\$ 336,513	\$ (2,277,610)	\$ (1,708,180)	\$ 1,216,958	\$ 567,085	\$ (386,101)	\$ (1,696,351)	\$ (621,131)	\$ 4,098,883
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	12.0%	10.8%	11.6%	10.4%	10.8%	11.2%	11.1%	11.1%	11.7%	11.2%
Capital Outlay	\$ 9,778,973	\$ 5,423,093	\$ 3,687,953	\$ 1,287,045	\$ 2,798,369	\$ 889,527	\$ 1,824,349	\$ 2,028,020	\$ 2,881,984	\$ 2,506,287

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-6

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Property Tax</u>	<u>Sales Tax</u>	<u>Business Gross Receipts Tax</u>	<u>Motel Occupany Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2014	\$ 5,510,582	\$ 6,101,137	\$ 1,554,189	\$ 1,512,024	\$ 14,677,932
2015	6,156,161	7,652,209	1,529,246	1,413,372	16,750,988
2016	6,523,274	6,354,361	1,349,182	1,012,046	15,238,863
2017	6,909,294	6,638,741	1,560,892	1,163,639	16,272,566
2018	7,513,909	7,756,760	1,402,310	2,157,204	18,830,183
Percent Change 2014-2018	36.4%	27.1%	-9.8%	42.7%	

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-7

**DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>City Direct Rate</u>	<u>Big Spring Economic Development Corporation</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>State of Texas</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008-09	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2009-10	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2010-11	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2011-12	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2012-13	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2013-14	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2014-15	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2015-16	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2016-17	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%
2017-18	1.50%	0.50%	2.00%	6.25%	8.25%

Note: Effective May 1990, the citizens of Big Spring approved a referendum calling for the creation of a one-half cent sales tax to be used to support economic development activities in Big Spring.

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-8

**ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

Fiscal Year	Real Property		Personal Property		All Property		Total Direct Tax Rate	Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value		
2009	\$ 456,352,869	\$ 456,352,869	\$ 67,359,290	\$ 67,359,290	\$ 523,712,159	\$ 523,712,159	1.0132	100.00%
2010	480,480,335	480,480,335	59,928,374	59,928,374	540,408,709	540,408,709	1.0132	100.00%
2011	486,149,592	486,149,592	59,926,475	59,926,475	546,076,067	546,076,067	0.9995	100.00%
2012	485,739,452	485,739,452	61,267,318	61,267,318	547,006,770	547,006,770	0.9495	100.00%
2013	515,418,056	515,418,056	59,925,347	59,925,347	575,343,403	575,343,403	0.8650	100.00%
2014	593,152,094	593,152,094	60,893,323	60,893,323	654,045,417	654,045,417	0.8566	100.00%
2015	670,060,823	670,060,823	59,789,702	59,789,702	729,850,525	729,850,525	0.8566	100.00%
2016	809,104,747	809,104,747	66,627,315	66,627,315	875,732,062	875,732,062	0.8566	100.00%
2017	831,024,412	831,024,412	72,971,760	72,971,760	903,996,172	903,996,172	0.7900	100.00%
2018	804,429,080	804,429,080	75,165,078	75,165,078	879,594,158	879,594,158	0.8423	100.00%

Source: Central Appraisal District

Note: Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-9

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

Taxpayer	2018			2009		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
SM Energy Company	\$ 49,037,330	1	5.57%	\$		
OXY USA Inc (MIN)	42,735,290	2	4.86%			
Kerr Management Inc	13,650,358	3	1.55%			
The Reserves at 700, LLC	12,000,000	4	1.36%			
Oncor Electric Delivery	11,615,740	5	1.32%			
Scenic Mountain Medical Center	11,059,728	6	1.26%			
Atmos Energy/West Texas Div	8,081,800	7	0.92%			
Endurance Lift Solutions LLC	7,911,390	8	0.90%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate	6,730,588	9	0.77%			
Oak Manor Big Spring, LLC	6,200,000	10	0.70%			
Electric Power Distribution				359,686	1	6.77%
Supermarket and Other Grocery				224,070	2	4.22%
Limited Service Restaurants				223,974	3	4.21%
Gasoline Stations with Convenience Stores				207,010	4	3.90%
All Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing				198,727	5	3.74%
Wireless Telecommunications Carriers				178,664	6	3.36%
Eating Places				158,773	7	2.99%
Wired Telecommunications Carriers				147,156	8	2.77%
Full Service Restaurants				133,128	9	2.51%
Electric Services				124,236	10	2.34%
Total	\$ <u>169,022,224</u>		<u>19.22%</u>	\$ <u>1,955,424</u>		<u>36.81%</u>

Source: Texas State Comptroller

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-10

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections in Year	
		Amount	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009	\$ 5,319,488	\$ 5,124,334	\$ 96.33%	\$ 103,582	\$ 5,227,916	98.28%
2010	5,481,753	5,275,275	96.23%	118,517	5,393,792	98.40%
2011	5,461,889	5,271,162	96.51%	138,433	5,409,595	99.04%
2012	5,198,600	5,013,337	96.44%	147,470	5,160,807	99.27%
2013	4,983,657	4,903,121	98.38%	141,296	5,044,417	101.22%
2014	5,602,553	5,261,038	93.90%	125,421	5,386,459	96.14%
2015	6,251,900	5,936,236	94.95%	108,500	6,044,736	96.69%
2016	6,747,516	6,223,217	92.23%	137,190	6,360,407	94.26%
2017	7,141,569	6,578,840	92.12%	162,470	6,741,310	94.40%
2018	7,408,821	7,053,440	95.20%	210,589	7,264,029	98.05%

Source: Howard County

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-11

SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

Taxpayer	2018			2009		
	Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Rank	Percentage of Total
Department Stores	\$ 1,289,099	1	24.30%	\$		
Limited Service Restaurants	739,710	2	13.94%	223,974	3	4.21%
Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations	558,687	3	10.53%			
Gasoline Stations with Convenience Stores	486,542	4	9.17%	207,010	4	3.90%
Construct, Mining and Forestry Machine & Equip Rent & Lease	347,291	5	6.55%			
Full Service Restaurants	344,814	6	6.50%	133,128	9	2.51%
Other Building Material Dealers	302,481	7	5.70%			
Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience St	295,732	8	5.58%	224,070	2	4.22%
Natural Gas Distribution	257,848	9	4.86%			
Wired Telecommunications Carriers	234,075	10	4.41%	147,156	8	2.77%
Electric Power Distribution	231,019	11	4.36%	359,686	1	6.77%
Wireless Telecommunications Carriers	217,285	12	4.10%	178,664	6	3.36%
Electric Services				124,236	10	2.34%
Cafeterias, Grill Buffets and Buffets				120,979	11	2.28%
Gasoline Service Stations				110,921	12	2.09%
Eating Places				158,773	7	2.99%
All Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing				198,727	5	3.74%
Total	\$ <u>5,304,583</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	\$ <u>2,187,324</u>		<u>41.18%</u>

Source: Texas State Comptroller

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CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-12

**RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities					Total Primary Government	Percentage Of Personal Income	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Certificate Of Obligation	Unamortized Bond Premiums	Capital Leases	Energy Conservation Loan	General Obligation Bonds	Certificate Of Obligation	Unamortized Bond Premiums	Capital Leases	Energy Conservation Loan			
2018	\$ 7,595,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 367,992	1,628,459	\$ 526,433	\$	\$ 9,200,000	220,806	\$ 2,298,513	\$ 887,998	\$ 25,825,201	1.86%	875
2017	8,505,000	3,310,000	408,855	1,375,086	687,990		9,730,000	237,306	1,956,745	1,160,515	27,371,497	2.16%	793
2016	9,380,000	3,510,000	449,717	1,864,372	843,051		10,245,000	253,811	1,848,606	1,422,072	29,816,629	2.68%	927
2015	10,190,000	3,775,000	70,927	1,602,707	991,876		10,835,000	270,315	1,765,570	1,673,111	32,514,163	2.72%	989
2014	10,825,000	3,965,000	76,218	1,418,435	1,134,719		11,611,820	286,820	1,282,096	1,914,055	34,792,896	2.71%	1057
2013	11,430,000	4,150,000	81,509	1,493,345	1,403,396	1,045,000	12,255,000	303,325	264,057	2,367,264	35,555,952	3.63%	1151
2012	12,015,000	4,335,000	86,800	1,493,345	1,403,396	1,045,000	12,255,000	291,090	264,057	2,367,264	25,042,280	3.63%	1151
2011	12,575,000	4,515,000	92,019	1,259,896	1,529,683	1,555,000	555,000	66,272	314,117	2,580,293	27,327,938	2.91%	799
2010	13,115,000	4,625,000	97,223	1,934,431	1,650,895	2,000,000	580,000	54,571	486,063	2,784,755	24,106,439	3.66%	1075
2009	13,635,000	440,000	21,455	1,573,741	1,767,233	2,450,000	605,000	64,466	568,551	2,980,993	25,439,900	3.37%	952

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-13

RATIOS OF TAX SUPPORTED BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>General Obligation Bonds (1)</u>	<u>Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds (2)</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)</u>	<u>Net Debt Per Capita (4)</u>
2014	\$ 14,790,000	\$ 394,121	\$ 14,395,879	1.97%	\$ 937
2015	13,965,000	423,038	13,541,962	1.54%	865
2016	12,890,000	518,810	12,371,190	1.41%	807
2017	11,815,000	398,701	11,416,299	1.26%	761
2018	10,695,000	42,878	10,652,122	1.21%	382

(1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums.
(2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payment.

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-14

**DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT**

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	<u>Debt Outstanding</u>		<u>Estimated Percentage Applicable</u>	<u>Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt</u>
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes				
Big Spring Independent School District*	\$ 49,530,000	*	50.65%	\$ 25,086,945
Forsan Independent School District*	17,515,000	*	0.96%	168,144
Coahoma Independent School District*	14,572,136	*	0.44%	64,117
Howard County*	10,335,000	*	29.89%	3,089,132
Howard College*	11,134,155	*	29.89%	3,327,999
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt				<u>\$ 31,736,337</u>
City of Big Spring Direct Debt	\$ 13,217,884		100%	<u>\$ 13,217,884</u>
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				<u><u>\$ 44,954,221</u></u>

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping debt is calculated by the shared market value of other governmental unit and the City of Big Spring divided by the total market value of the other governmental unit.

* Gross debt

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-15

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt Limit	\$ 7,855,682	\$ 8,106,131	\$ 8,191,141	\$ 8,205,102	\$ 8,630,151	\$ 9,810,681	\$ 10,947,758	\$ 13,135,981	\$ 13,559,943	\$ 13,193,912
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	<u>(435,167)</u>	<u>(290,975)</u>	<u>(355,151)</u>	<u>(227,024)</u>	<u>(306,144)</u>	<u>(358,296)</u>	<u>(285,314)</u>	<u>(276,162)</u>	<u>(538,868)</u>	<u>(1,028,789)</u>
Legal Debt Margin	<u>\$ 7,420,515</u>	<u>\$ 8,106,131</u>	<u>\$ 7,835,990</u>	<u>\$ 7,978,078</u>	<u>\$ 8,324,007</u>	<u>\$ 9,452,385</u>	<u>\$ 10,662,444</u>	<u>\$ 12,859,819</u>	<u>\$ 13,021,075</u>	<u>\$ 12,165,123</u>
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit As a Percentage of Debt Limit	5.54%	3.59%	4.34%	2.77%	3.55%	3.65%	2.61%	2.10%	3.97%	7.80%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Fiscal Year

Assessed Value	\$ <u>879,594,158</u>
Debt Limit (1.5% Assessed Value) Assessed Value	\$ <u>13,193,912</u>
Debt Applicable to Limit:	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,071,667
Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment	<u>(42,878)</u>
Net Debt Applicable to Limit	\$ <u>1,028,789</u>
Legal Debt Margin	\$ <u>12,165,123</u>

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-16

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Population (1)	25,233	27,282	27,282	27,282	27,282	28,125	28,472	28,862	28,532	27,905
Total Personal Income	\$ 713,135,046	\$ 742,607,190	\$ 854,990,598	\$ 867,049,242	\$ 989,981,934	\$ 1,063,012,500	\$ 1,033,903,736	\$ 999,317,888	\$ 1,047,352,656	\$ 1,310,679,000
Per Capita Personal Income (1)	\$ 28,262	\$ 29,430	\$ 31,339	\$ 31,781	\$ 36,287	\$ 37,796	\$ 36,313	\$ 34,624	\$ 36,705	\$ 36,367
Median Age (1)	37	37	37	36	37	37	37	37	37	37
Unemployment (2)	7.5%	7.3%	6.9%	5.7%	5.3%	5.4%	4.6%	4.6%	5.2%	3.9%

Data Sources: (1) Bureau of Census
(2) Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE E-17

**PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

Employer	2018			2009		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Veterans Administration Hospital	652	1	4.90%	480	4	3.34%
Big Spring ISD	534	2	4.02%	597	2	4.16%
Big Spring State Hospital	527	3	3.96%	605	1	4.21%
GEO Group	432	4	3.25%			
Scenic Mountain Medical Center	350	5	2.63%	350	6	2.44%
Wal-Mart	274	6	2.06%	350	7	2.44%
City of Big Spring	247	7	1.86%	268	8	1.87%
Howard College & SWICD	240	8	1.80%	255	9	1.77%
Federal Bureau of Prisons	218	9	1.64%			
Delek	197	10	1.48%			
Weatherford A&M Composites	182	11	1.37%			
Howard County	170	12	1.28%	250	10	1.74%
Alon USA				204	12	1.42%
Cornell Corrections, Inc.				485	3	3.38%
Price Construction				450	5	3.13%
U.S. Justice Department				250	11	1.74%
Total	<u>4,023</u>		<u>30.25%</u>	<u>4,544</u>		<u>24.13%</u>

Source: Economic Development Corp

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-18

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Full-Time-Equivalent Employees as of Year End									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Management Services	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other	9	8.5	8.5	8.5	8	11	11	11	11	14
Information Technology	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Convention and Visitors Bureau	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	3
Police										
Officers	58	54	54	49	48	52	52	51	51	51
Civilians	10	15	15	12	7	8	8	9	8	8
Fire										
Firefighters and Officers	45	45	45	45	44	44	44	44	44	45
Civilians	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	1
EMS										
EMS and Officers	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17
Civilians	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0
Refuse Collection (Landfill)										
Other Public Works	21	21.5	17	18	18	17.5	17.5	19	19	19
Parks and Recreation	15	14	19	19	22	20.2	20.2	21	18	17
Service Center	8	8	8	8						
Streets	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13
Sanitation	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Airpark	5	7	7	6	6	7	7	6	6	6
Water	40	41	40	40	40	37	37	36	37	25
Wastewater	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	9	9	9
Total	283	287	287	279	267	267	270	271	267	261

Source: City Budget Office

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-19

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	1,196	1,267	1,262	1,386	1,616	1,444	1,491	2,207	1,807	1,428
Police										
Physical Arrests	1,320	2,743	2,466	2,158	1,984	1,948	1,638	1,870	1,702	1,852
Number of Calls for Service	26,576	35,661	37,700	33,028	30,281	32,438	35,305	40,336	37,138	53,039
Alarm Responses	742	1,143	1,001	1,522	1,616	1,402	1,562	1,473	1,213	1,114
Fire										
Emergency Responses	442	409	424	607	1,952	1,971	1,998	1,849	1,592	1,642
EMS Service										
Number of Runs	3,088	3,275	4,057	4,272	4,815	4,732	3,768	3,837	4,844	4,414
Refuse Collection										
Collected (Tons per Day)	120	156	130	130	128	118	124	116	137	130
Water										
Active Accounts	8,600	8,579	8,687	8,693	8,754	8,847	8,733	8,537	8,470	8,722
Water Main Breaks	250	580	210	167	131	212	313	226	234	258
Average Daily Consumption (Thousands of Gallons)	5,317	5,320	4,991	3,467	4,967	5,034	5,171	4,776	5,056	4,846
Wastewater										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment (Thousands of Gallons)	2,629	2,576	2,176	2,176	3,282	2,945	2,490	3,216	3,453	3,444

Data Sources: Various City Departments

CITY OF BIG SPRING, TEXAS

TABLE E-20

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units										
Marked	39	43	38	41	41	43	46	40	46	45
Unmarked	19	19	17	12	12	11	20	18	18	19
Fire Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Refuse Collection										
Collection Trucks	6	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	9	10
Other Public Works										
Streets										
Paved (Miles)	189	189	189	189	189	189	190	190	190	190
Unpaved (Miles)	0.5	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Street Lights	1,808	1,784	1,779	1,873	1,873	1,862	1,862	1,863	1,863	1,863
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	1,069	1,069	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211
Parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Lakes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball/Softball Fields	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Soccer/Football Fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	177	177	177	177	177	177	178	178	178	178
Fire Hydrants	722	722	722	722	722	722	722	722	722	722
System Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	13,450	13,450	13,450	13,450	13,450	13,450	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	125	125	125	125	125	125	127	127	127	127
Treatment Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000

Sources: Various City Departments

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

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**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council
City of Big Spring, Texas
Big Spring, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Big Spring, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Big Spring, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Big Spring Economic Development Corporation, as described in our report on the City of Big Spring, Texas' basic financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Big Spring, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Big Spring, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Big Spring, Texas's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Big Spring, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Balinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Lubbock, Texas

March 21, 2019